# California GARDEN

May/June 2009

Volume 100 No 3 \$4.00

Daylike



California Garden
Retrospective: 1949–1968

The Garden Trellis

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PUBLICATION STAFF EXECUTIVE EDITOR Lucy Warren

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> LIBRARIAN Jean C. Hughes

EDITORIAL INTERN
Allison Hooker
CONTRIBUTING EDITORS

Connie Brown, Aenne Carter, Nancy Carol Carter, Kay Harry, Alyssa Holderbein, Marge Howard-Jones, Dale Rekus, Denise Thompson, Constance Whitney

> ART DIRECTOR Rachel Cobb

ADVERTISING Kay Harry

AFFILIATE LISTING Jeannette Dutton

RENEWALS
Lisa Prindle
membership@sdfloral.org

EDITORIAL BOARD Dorothy Carroll, Nancy Carol Carter, Kay Harry, John Noble, Lucy Warren, Constance Whitney, Amy R. Wood

SPECIAL THANKS

Now is the Time Contributors, Robert Lee, UC IPM Program and Beth Grafton-Cardwell

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Email: editor@sdftoral.org

# California GARDEN

THE MAGAZINE FOR HANDS-ON GARDENERS AND FLORAL DESIGNERS
May/June 2009, Volume 100, Number 3

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## California Garden

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# President's Letter

We are among the fortunate. We are members of the San Diego Floral Association!

My appreciation for our Association was strengthened by two recent experiences. At our most recent Floral Association board meeting, Lucy K ramer reported on her research after assuming responsibility for organizing and promoting classes. Over the years, our association has offered hundreds of short courses in gardening, floral design, cultivation, specialty growing and crafts using natural products. Struck by the demonstrable work of past members in providing educational programs, Lucy observed that we owe a debt to those who built this organization. A debt, she said, that can only be paid by assuming responsibility for continuing our educational mission in the robust fashion of earlier volunteers.

This issue continues the *California Garden* retrospective offered during this 100th anniversary year of our magazine. Research for this piece provided a second meaningful experience, as it was my turn to look back at a twenty-year period of the magazine. As I read issues published in the 1950s and '60s I was struck by the large number of volunteers involved in the magazine and their well-targeted grappling with the garden and horticulture issues of the day. Writers took note of the often bleak and unplanted tract home developments fanning out across San Diego County and offered practical and sound advice for both new gardens and for beautifying treeless new streets. Long before the current revival of interest, Jane Minshall wrote "Let's Plant Natives," published by *California Garden* in 1950 (see page 36). How contemporary. How useful.

Our past can inspire, but so can our present. With this issue of the magazine, Lucy Warren ends her most recent stint as executive editor. In a stellar example of the volunteer spirit, Lucy has twice served as our editor, unselfishly offering her time, writing, editorial skills and broad horticultural knowledge to California Garden. There is no better testament to her talent and high standards than the magazine itself. With the invaluable assistance of managing editor Amy R. Wood, Lucy has raised the bar by producing consistently handsome and informative issues. Please join me in thanking Lucy Warren who has resoundingly established her place as a notable among Floral Association volunteers.

One final note—I'd like to share this message from Lisa Prindle with all SDFA members who give membership gifts: "Unfortunately, when we changed our database from DOS to Microsoft access, some valuable renewal information was lost concerning gift memberships. Gift givers should receive a renewal notice when the gift membership has expired. This allows the gift giver to renew the gift membership if they so choose. If they choose not to renew a gift membership, the recipient will be sent a notice with an offer to continue their membership. Please contact the SDFA office or email me at membership@sdfloral.org, if you have not been receiving a notice to renew a gift membership and would like to. Remember, when sending an email to SDFA with questions or concerns, please add a 'comment' in the subject space. This helps me to filter your email. Thanks!"

Nanay Carol Carter

Nancy Carol Carter President, 2008-09

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\* Donors at these levels and higher will receive a limited edition, specially bound copy of the *California Garden* centennial book to be published by the Floral Association in 2009. This keepsake volume reprints a lively selection of articles from the past 100 years of the magazine and permanently records key events in San Diego Floral Association history. Make checks payable to: SDFA (note "Centennial Fund").

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# **BOTANICAL ART WORKSHOP**

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# In This Issue

Early summer is a particularly busy time for gardening activities. As the weather heats up we look forward to some of the fruits of our labors whether they be simply visual, floral or edible. We have taken this opportunity to highlight the Queen of Summer, the tough but ephemeral daylily in all its form and glory, a familiar garden plant which keeps evolving. For vegetable lovers we look forward not only to a marvelous presentation on growing vegetables in an urban environment, but appreciating an heirloom tomato reintroduced in an historic garden. Consider moving upward with your garden profile as we explore the history and current potential of the garden trellis with some unique ideas for form.

Discover a new vista in your explorations of local gardens at the rim of Tecolote Canyon on the USD campus envisioned and created by USD students. As we expand our gardening horizons through travel, it is important we understand and respect the vital job the Customs and Border Patrol agents are is doing in trying to minimize the introduction of new pests and diseases to the United States.

This issue we move forward in our retrospective to an era that may seem not-so-much history but memory for those of us who grew up in and lived through the post-war years. In many ways it seemed a simpler time but it was rich and active for gardeners.

# It's easy to register!

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May's class runs from 9:30 a.m. to 2:30 p.m., and is held in Room 104, Casa del Prado, Balboa Park, San Diego, CA. Coffee and sweets will be provided; bring your own lunch and clippers. Call Kathy Page for more information about San Diego Floral Association workshops at 619-422-2845. To register and pay, call 619-232-5762. Make check payable to: San Diego Floral Association. Classes limited to 10 persons and must be prepaid.

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News, tips, advice and products you can use

# Crossing the Border

What visitors to Mexico should know about bringing back potential prohibited plants

s both Mother's Day and warm summer days approach, many San Diego residents might find themselves journeying to Mexico for day trips and vacations. Some of these travelers may want to bring flowers back with them from Mexico into the United States. Customs and Border Protection (CBP) officials want residents and visitors to know what to expect when they cross the border, and to know that some flowers and cut greenery are expressly prohibited.

All travelers are expected to declare all flowers, fruit and plants purchased in Mexico to CBP officers. People who do not declare bouquets or other greenery could face a \$300 fine. Most flowers, including roses and carnations, are allowed into the U.S. after they pass inspection; however, there are some flowers that are not permitted through the passenger ports of entry. For example, travelers cannot bring arrangements with chrysanthemums or gladiolas into the United States. Chrysanthemum and gladiolas can carry two fungi-"Chrysanthemum White Rust" and "Gladiolus Rust" respectively—that can infect other plants stateside. Additionally, some cut greenery is banned; particularly orange jasmine (Murraya), a host for Asian citrus psyllid, a dangerous citrus pest that has lead to recent citrus quarantines in San Diego County. If any portion of a bouquet has pests-even bouquets featuring 'safe' plants-the entire bouquet will be confiscated. Keep that potential sunk cost in mind when buying floral arrangements south of the border.

CBP agriculture specialists are busy making sure that flower imports are free from insects and diseases that could harm the agricultural and floral industries in the United States. They are specially trained to inspect plants for signs of insects or disease,

and this careful attention to detail ensures that even microscopic pests are detected and prevented from being introduced into the United States where they could cause significant economic or environmental harm. Visitors need to know what they can and can't bring back so they don't unwittingly carry hitchhikers that could seriously damage American agriculture. —Allisson Hooker

Help customs officials keep the Asian psyllid out by not bringing back orange jasmine cuttings.



# Did You Know

FREE MULCH is available to citizens of San Diego who don't mind loading it themselves at the Miramar Landfill's Miramar Greenery. Mulch in the garden is useful for weed suppression, dust control and most importantly, water conservation. The Greenery cooks its mulch at a high temperature to kill weed seeds and disease-causing pathogens. For a price, gardeners may also acquire weed-free, disease-free red woodchips, brown woodchips, plain woodchips and high-quality compost. Call 858-694-7000 for more information, visit www.sandiego.gov/environmental-services or see it for yourself at The Greenery on 5180 Convoy Street, San Diego (north of Highway 52). – Nancy Carol Carter

# **Water Conservation Hotline**

Digin!

# Get your water-wise questions answered with a call to this new hotline

or San Diegans concerned about keeping their landscapes lovely with water rationing looming, there is now help. The Water Conservation Garden of Cuyamaca College recently debuted its "Water Smart Pipeline," a telephone hotline to help the community during these water-challenging times.

People frequently turn to the Water Conservation Garden when they have questions about water-smart gardening. After being inundated with questions at the Garden, senior staff decided to set up a hotline, manned by an expert, to help answer these questions.

Nan Sterman, instructor of the garden's "Bye Bye Grass" class and author of *California Gardener's Guide Volume 2* was an obvious choice to be the voice of the hotline. Sterman is passionate about climate appropriate gardens. "Gardens," she says, "with plants that don't just survive but thrive in our arid, Mediterranean climate."

Already she is helping people with questions about getting rid of their existing lawn, giving advice to building managers who need their tenants to realize the importance of water-smart gardening and helping people plan climate appropriate gardens.

The "Water Smart Pipeline"—with advice from Sterman—can be accessed at 866-962-7021 and is open for calls on Tuesday mornings from 8:30 a.m. to 12:00 p.m. and on Thursday afternoons from 1:00 p.m. to 4:30 p.m. through the end of the year. —Alyssa Holderbein



Have a water conservation questions but are too busy to visit the Water Conservation Garden? Try calling their new hotline.







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he Point Loma Garden Club sponsors a kitchen garden at the Old Point Loma Lighthouse (www.nps.gov/ archive/cabr/lighthouse.html). In the notes passed to me when I became the chairperson of the committee in charge of the garden in 2005, mention was made of the Chiapas wild tomato being grown by the family of the lighthouse tender in

Intrigued, I searched the Internet for a Chiapas tomato seed source in the spring of 2006 and was surprised to find a company in the Southwest that offered them. Unfortunately, they were out of stock, and they remained out of stock for the next two years.

Earlier this year, a discussion with a fellow club member who was a newly certified Master Gardener about heirloom tomatoes reminded me to search the Internet again. This time I found a company in Canada that offered the seed and they were in stock. Happily entering my order, I was abruptly brought up short. The company did not export to the United States—too much paperwork with the Department of Agriculture. I guess those folks were trying to stave off a repeat of the Attack of the Killer Tomatoes!

Going back to the new Master Gardener with my tale of woe, she mentioned a fellow Master Gardener in her class who was very knowledgeable about vegetable gardening and suggested I email him about these tomatoes, which I did.

He quickly replied with an Internet resource for the Chiapas wild tomato seed.

Unfortunately, I replied back to him, it was the same source I had already discovered in Canada that wouldn't export to the United States. He wrote back that it was not a problem, he would have a friend in Toronto order them, mail them to him and he would get them to me.

Several weeks later, I was planting Chiapas wild tomato seeds! I simply put the seed in water over night and then put two seeds about a quarter inch deep in seed starter mix in a five-inch plastic pot and kept them watered. Six weeks later, in late May, I either passed on the seedlings in their five-inch pots or transplanted them into a garden.

Chiapas tomatoes are now growing in the Old Point Loma Lighthouse Kitchen Garden, the garden of La Casa de Estudillo in Old Town and two private homes in Point Loma. In spreading them around that way, I insured a supply of local seed for next year.

Of interest, the notes passed to me mentioned the family draped the tomato vines on the fence surrounding the garden. During my online researches, one website said the vines were sprawling and another said they were about five feet long. In fact, these plants grew between eight to twelve feet across depending on where in San Diego they were grown. Sprawling indeed! The tomatoes are very tiny-about the size of currents-but they are quite sweet and tasty for their small size.

We will probably continue to plant these historic heirloom tomatoes at the Old Point Loma Lighthouse Kitchen Garden, so stop by this summer for a look! - Dale Rekus

# June Speaker

# Paul Maschka to discuss organic farming in urban spaces

lease join us on June 16 as we welcome Paul Maschka to speak at our June General meeting. Paul was the San Diego Zoological Society Lead Organic Horticulturalist for the past 17 years. He is now pursuing his passion as an organic urban farmer at San Diego City Colleges' Seeds at City Urban Farming program. Paul also writes and lectures on a number of topics, including mycology, beekeeping, edible landscaping and chocolate. It should be an informative evening touching on a number of relevant topics.

The event is open to the public. The lecture will begin at 7:00 p.m. on Tuesday, June 16. Prior to the meeting an optional catered Bar-B-Que dinner is available by paid reservation; please make your reservation by Thursday, June 11. The cost for the Bar-B-Que dinner is \$12 for members and \$15 for non-members. For more information call the San Diego Floral Association office at 619-232-5762. -Kay Harry



# Favorite Tool: Stirrup Hoe

f a good garden tool is worth its weight in gold, a favorite is darn near priceless. One of my favorites is a wood-handled stirrup hoe. The stirrup hoe-or saddle, scuffle, action or oscillating hoe, among other names too long to list-is the perfect tool for weeding unruly planter beds in an efficient and ache-free manner, and my trusty tool has saved

me from a lot of sweat, sore muscles and frustration.

A stirrup tool features a loop of metal, flat on the side perpendicular to the handle that is sharpened on both sides. This stirrup pivots slightly where attached to the handle. The primary use of a stirrup hoe—as opposed to a scuffle hoe (which looks like a square of metal that you pull toward you to use)—is to weed and lightly cultivate the soil. The stirrup hoe can also help save your back, as unlike the scuffle hoe or collinear hoe (which looks like a long, thin razor blade with teeth that you use to 'shave' weeds from your beds), it can be moved both forward and back. This is thanks to the pivoting stirrup. The pivot allows you to tuck into a comfortable position and use your momentum and a rocking motion to move the tool beneath the weeds and through the soil.

You can buy stirrup hoes at most garden shops and nurseries; they tend to run between \$10 and \$35, depending on the materials used for the handle and blade. There are a lot of handle options: they come with wood handles, metal handles and even plastic handles. Pick a handle material that feels best for you, and if you have small hands, try looking for something a bit thinner than standard. Trust me, the joints in your hands will thank you for it later. A long handle is recommended so you don't have to crouch over too much while you work, and so you can reach into tight or overgrown spaces.

Proper care for your tool is important, so remember to remove dirt every time you're done using the piece, taking care to dry excess water so the metal doesn't rust. If the moving pivot part begins to lock up, use a little WD-40 to get that motion back. You'll also want to sharpen the tool after time so as to get the best result when weeding, which is, after all, the whole reason you'd want a stirrup hoe in the first place. - Amy R. Wood



# **Tecolote Treasure**

# The little-known Tecolote Memorial Garden is one of San Diego's hidden gems

ocated on the University of San Diego campus on the rim of Tecolote Canyon behind the Hahn University Center sits the Tecolote Memorial Garden. It was created by University of San Diego students both as a peace garden and a place to promote native plants, and features both a student memorial to September 11th and a plaque to honor the Kumeyaay people. The plants of this garden, all of which are indigenous to California, reveal the beauty and balance of the natural world.

In 2000 a University of San Diego group called The Environmental Action Group (TEGA) first conceived the idea. Member Mark Monty Gierd asked the university if the group could take out the lawn in a little-used spot on campus and replace it with a garden. Then university-president Alice Hayes agreed, and helped turn a little idea into a bigger project with a donation from the university. With the help from a major donation given by parents of a TEGA member and support from the university, the garden became a reality.

The garden was designed with support from TEGA, Mike Mayer and project coordinator Tim Dounda. Construction started in 2001, with the lawn, sidewalk and ice plant quickly replaced with native plants. A winding walkway with lights around it was designed, as well as a round seating area. A compass is the centerpiece of this seating area. Instead of having a traditional North, South, East, West description, the four points of the Tecolote Memorial Garden compass say Nonviolence, Solidarity, Equality and World Peace.

The connection with September 11, 2001 came as a result of timing, as the attacks occurred during the garden's construction. It was decided that the garden should also be a student memorial to 9/11. This student memorial asks visitors to respect nature, sustainability and peace.

Last spring during an American Indian Health and Spirituality class, students discussed the importance of native plants for Native American culture. They noted that USD, being located on Kumeyaay homeland, should have something that honors the original inhabitants. The students crafted the idea of



The stunning view from the garden.



A pergola alerts visitors that they're entering the garden

putting signage at the Tecolote Memorial Garden that honored the Kumeyaay people. They thought it was fitting that a native plant garden would also honor the native peoples of this part of San Diego.

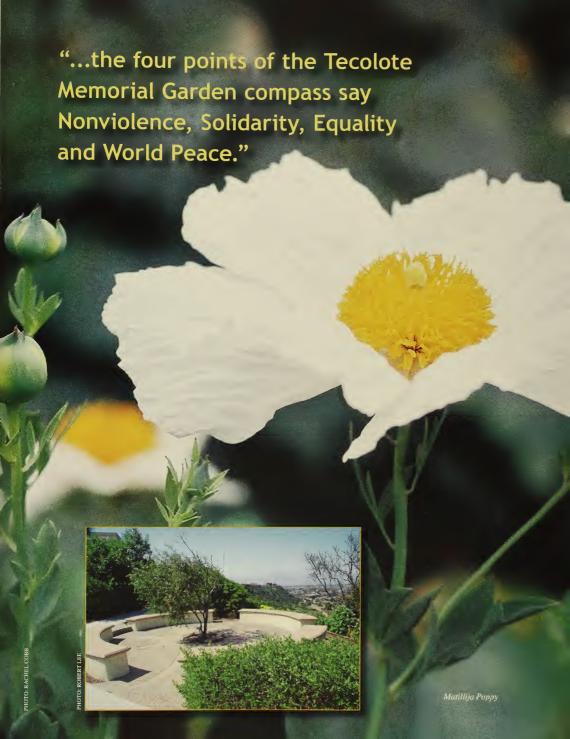
Horticulturalists will enjoy the garden's many native plants. Some of the plants in the garden include: the matillija poppy (Romneya californica), a flower with white petals and a yellow puff ball center; the cleveland sage (Salvia clevelandii), small purple flowers; toyon (Heteromeles arbutifolia), a red berry bush; the San Diego sunflower (Viguiera laciniata), which looks like a mini sunflower; and a large red elderberry tree (Sambucus mexicana).

The garden is still a work in progress as subsequent groups of students consider modifications and improvements. There have been discussions of placing naming plaques by each plant to further educate people who visit the garden. One student started this project by placing numbered stones next to different plants, but presently there is no identification that correlates to the number. A big hope for the future is that a brochure will be made available that includes the scientific names, the Kumeyaay names, as well as Kumeyaay uses for each plant featured in the garden. Perhaps future students will get involved and take up this project.

In addition to its dedications, this garden is a rare space on campus born of student ideas and constantly being shaped by different generations of USD students, which is very fitting for a dynamic garden space.

The best time to visit the garden is anytime during daylight, and especially on weekends when staff and student traffic is at a minimum. It is especially beautiful at sunset because it overlooks Tecolote Canyon, Mission Bay and the Pacific Ocean.

- Allison Hooker





# Durable, Delightful Daylilies

# Update your garden with an old-time favorite

# By Aenne Carter

aylilies are the workhorses of the garden. Blooming nonstop even during heat waves, daylilies are regaining their rightful throne as the Queen of Summer. In San Diego's mild climate, daylilies start to flower in spring and endure into late fall. In addition to gracing the garden with color nine months out of the year, the flowers are edible.

While ancient Chinese ate the daylily's crown and roots to treat liver disorders, most gardeners prefer the tastier portion of the plant, the buds and flowers. Blooms perched on top of cakes look elegant. Try a daylily stuffed with a goat's cheese—a tasty treat. Mild, crunchy with a hint of celery, the flowers are surprisingly delicious.

Daylilies are grown for their garden color splash and not for their scent, but if you sniff closely, you may catch a sweet, lemony or honeyish fragrance. Scent and flavor are different by variety. As a general rule, we find them to be delicate with the pastels growing spicier as the color deepens, to bitter with the darker shades.

Daylily's botanical name, *Hemerocallis*, comes from a combination of the Greek words for 'day' and 'beauty.' Their name gives a nod to the fact that most individual daylily blossoms open only for a single day. However, their multiple flower stalks are loaded with buds, so the overall show continues for weeks. Recently, new varieties that flower early in the season and rebloom late have continued to expand the daylily's extraordinary bloom season.

Daylilies are referred to as the perfect perennial because they bloom despite drought, shade, heat or poor soil. Furthermore, they are available in a rainbow of colors and in a wide variety of shapes and sizes. Choose from intriguing flower shapes like triangle, circular, star, ruffled, trumpet, spider and more.

The evergreen varieties are well-suited for all parts of San Diego. The American Hemerocallis Society notes that daylilies vary in their ability to withstand cold, and suggests that you pick ones proven successful in your zone. However, even if you have a cold snap and your daylilies freeze or turn black, the crowns usually survive, especially if you cover them with mulch before midwinter.

With so many varieties of daylilies, and thousands of new options being added each year, San Diegans should focus on the evergreen, repeat blooming cultivars for maximum gardening delight. Old-fashioned plants and many of those bred for cooler climates bloom in one dramatic flush and also die back during part of the year. If you fall in love with one of these, you might want to continue your search for an equivalent flower in an evergreen, repeat blooming variety.

# Daylily Care

Caring for daylilies is a simple pleasure because they are not fussy and have relatively few pest or disease problems. Daylilies need at least five hours of sun, and that is about all they require of a gardener.

Sometimes, however, daylilies in San Diego's coastal gardens get rust—especially in cool, damp summers. This rust is caused by a fungus, *Puccinia hemerocallidis*. First observed in 2000, and it leaves a distinctive orange powder on the leaves. When this powder is brushed off, the affected area is often left white. Although this looks horrid, the plant will survive.

To prevent this rust, plant daylilies where they will have good air circulation (not mashed up against a wall for example), and avoid overhead watering. If rust develops, it is vital to remove every single effected leaf, and destroy them. Additionally, never add diseased leaves to your compost heap because rust spreads by air and contact. Different daylily cultivars vary in their resistance to this disease; selecting disease resistance varieties will ease your mind and reduce your gardening chores.

Daylilies are the singular host to their own particular aphid, appropriately called the "daylily aphid." Fortunately, these aphids are active primarily in the cool of spring and fall. To treat these pests, try the least toxic method first. Twice a day for several days in a row, spray infected daylilies with a hard jet of water. Often this is enough to get the aphids moving.

If you are impatient you may reach for an easy-on-theenvironment spray, such as Safer Soap or Jungle Rain. Still bothered? As a last resort, reach for a mildly systemic pesticide and apply as directed on the label with advice from your local nursery.

For the best blooms, give daylilies regular and deep watering. However, should you become too busy to garden regularly or you go on a lengthy vacation, no worries, these durable plants bounce back quickly. As we focus on water-wise gardening, think about planting daylilies in a bed with other garden favorites with similar water needs so you can just soak that area regularly and not put excessive, unnecessary water on your marvelous drought-tolerant plants.

Jackie Jesch, owner of Daylily Hill (www.daylilyhill.com) in Bonsall, suggests feeding your daylilies with lawn fertilizer, or any fertilizer high in nitrogen. She says, "This will keep your daylilies green, growing and healthy. I fertilize whenever I have time, or when my plants begin to look yellow." Although many experts recommend using a fertilizer labeled for flowers with high phosphorus, Jesch swears by lawn food.

Another unusual hint from Jesch is to cut your daylily down to about two inches above ground in the hottest and coldest times

of the year. "To cut your daylilies back, simply use whatever tool you like: a serrated knife, weed whip or pruners." She adds, "Then feed them and water in the fertilizer, and you will be surprised how quickly this revives your daylily."

If you want to 'gild your lilies,' then apply organic mulch liberally around them. This helps retain moisture, keeps down competing weeds and gradually improves the soil.

# Selecting Your Daylily

Newly developed daylilies are anything but run-of-the-mill. Currently, there are more than fifty-thousand varieties, with more being added yearly. Modern versions are bold with complex colors, including ones with contrasting edges. They also range in form, from thin and spider-like, to voluptuous with serious ruffles. Although there are many growers throughout the country offering catalogs filled with hundreds to thousands of varieties, we suggest that you buy from local growers to be assured of plants that are tested and well adapted to our climate. Whatever daylily you choose, they are the perfect perennial. These low maintenance beauties keep on coming with flowers even in withering heat.

The best-selling daylily at Daylily Hill in Bonsall remains 'Sun Twist.' The individual, clear yellow blossoms are large for a semi-dwarf, and each petal is curved back with a twist, therefore the name. After all, nothing looks fresher in sweltering midsummer than a yellow flower. For a glowing combination, team this sunny daylily with marigolds, and black-eyed Susan (Rudbeckia sp.).

'Strawberry Candy,' the 1998 Stout Silver Award recipient, finally gives daylily lovers a true pink, without the usual dose of peach. Ruffled edges, combined with a darker pink edge and throat, make this daylily blue-ribbon worthy. Team 'Strawberry Candy' with coreopsis and feathery ornamental grass for a romantic look.

'Hot Lips' is another popular variety at Daylily Hill. This semi-dwarf has a rich, red color and a golden throat. Furthermore, it blooms for months, and the leaves are unusually substantial. This daylily energizes the garden with splashy red. 'Hot Lips' stands out in a container or surrounded by flowers in white and blue.

Buena Creek Gardens in San Marcos (www.buenacreek gardens.com) was once the site of one of the largest daylily growers Cordon Blue Nursery, which sold plants worldwide. Buena Creek Gardens still maintain a diverse stock of fifty or more varieties that are proven to be winners in local gardens.

# Planting a Daylily

The first step to growing a daylily is finding a suitable spot. Look for an area with well-drained soil and plenty of sunshine (a minimum of five hours per day). Then, prepare the soil. Do this by digging and loosening the ground to a depth of one foot. Add in organic soil amendment and mix thoroughly with the native soil. Your hole should be twice the size of the daylilies' rootball. Make a mound of soil in the center of your hole and splay the roots of the plant around the mound.

Aim to plant your daylily about as deep as it originally grew, and avoid setting the crown (where foliage and roots join) below the soil surface. It's better to err in setting it slightly higher rather than slightly lower. One suggested method is to form a cone of



earth and spread the roots out around the cone. Then spread a layer of soil covering the roots so the crown sits high. Press soil firmly to make sure there are no air pockets. This will leave a depression at the base of the crown like a mini moat which is ideal for soaking the roots without rotting the crown. Water the daylily well

These plants are so tough, you can even transplant them when they are blooming! So if you find one you love blooming in a nursery you can buy it, bring it home and pop it right into the ground with no problem.

# **Dividing Daylilies**

After three to five years, daylilies often need dividing. If you notice die-out in the center of the clump, or a decrease in flower production, this is the signal your daylily is ready to be rejuvenated. The easiest way to divide a large clump is to use a garden fork to lift the entire mass out of the ground. Work the fork about a foot out from the clump and gently push down all the way around the plant to loosen the roots. Eventually, the rootball will be free enough to hoist the clump out of the hole.

At this point insert a shovel or a large serrated knife into the middle of the clump to gently divide it. Continue dividing the clump in half until you have worked the large mass into petite new divisions. Depending on the size of the plant you may have two divisions, or as many as eight. Cut the foliage on each new clump down to a two-inch fan. This helps the plant retain moisture while it is getting established.

If you don't have time to replant right away, the daylily stores nutrition in its roots so it can remain bare root for quite some time—one of the reasons pioneers spread them throughout the West as they traveled from homestead to homestead. When you are ready, plant them as indicated above. Just remember, no roots, no new plant.

You can expand your daylily area with the divisions or share or trade them with friends and neighbors. This eco-green practice takes advantage of nature's bounty, minimizes the waste stream and creates good feelings among the people you know. After all, who doesn't appreciate a new flower in their garden.

# To Learn More

On June 13 from 1:00 p.m. to 4:00 p.m. the public is invited to view the 38th Annual Daylily Show in the Ecke Building at Quail Botanical Gardens. Members of the local chapter of the Southwest Hemerocallis Society (American Hemerocallis Society, Region 7) meet monthly at Quail Botanical Gardens on the first Saturday of the month at 10:00 a.m. For more information contact the local chapter's president Gary Colby at gcolby1@san.rr.com.

Cover Photo: Hemerocallis 'Mountain Violet' at Quail Botanical Gardens. Photo: Rachel Cobb

# Garden Conversations-Southwest Hemerocallis Society

Gary Colby of the Southwest Hemerocallis Society shares his knowledge of daylilies with *California Garde*n readers

# By Alyssa Holderbein

ary Colby is an avid daylily (*Hemerocallis*) enthusiast. Several times, he has been both President and Vice President of the Southwest Hemerocallis Society as well as Procurement Chairman. Colby served on the board of directors for the American Hemerocallis Society and has been a garden judge in New York, Florida and California. He has also spoken on the soil food web as taught by Elaine Ingham Ph.D. It can be found at <a href="http://soilfoodweb.com">http://soilfoodweb.com</a>.

California Garden: How did you first come to grow daylilies? Gary Colby: I attended a couple of shows and loved the range of colors and easiness to grow.

CG: What was it that attracted you to daylilies? What makes them special to you?

GC: I have been active with daylilies since about 1984, over 24 years now. Initially I wanted an inexpensive easy to grow plant to fill my bare yard.

CG: Was there one person who influenced your interest and love of daylilies?

GC: Three people really influenced my love of daylilies. Vern McCrosky gave me about 80 Munson daylilies and got me hooked. Bob Brooks owned Cordon Bleu in San Marcos. Bob hybridized and each year I would visit Cordon Bleu two to three times to purchase and just enjoy the garden. I loved Cordon Bleu because of the huge variety of shrubs, bushes and trees, as well as perennials.

Sanford Roberts is a close friend. Robbie and his wife Pat were always generous and fun to visit so I made it a point to visit Blossom Valley Gardens at least twice a year.

CG: Tell us a little bit about the Southwest Hemerocallis Society. GC: It was organized in 1973 with seven original members including Bob Brooks and Sanford Roberts. I got active with the society around 1986.

CG: Right now, how many daylily plants do you have?

GC: I currently have about 900 varieties. I would like to have around 250.

CG: What do people typically do wrong in caring for daylilies? GC: Soil preparation is key. Since daylilies will grow in any soil it is easy to ignore their requirements, which is a good rich loose

soil, lots of water and a little fertilizer applied about once a month. Daylilies are not heavy feeders. I use Milorganite 6-2-0.

CG: Are there special challenges to growing daylilies in the San Diego climate?

*GC*: Daylilies like a lot of water and with water rationing looming they may not be the best choice. However, with a good loose soil rich in soil biology it is possible to water every four days in the summer and still have a beautiful garden.

CG: What is your favorite daylily?

GC: I'm very fond of the unusual form and spider form daylilies. I like the dark purples with a chalky eye zone, the huge luscious yellows with a pink infusion clear out to the edge and tons of heavy chicken fat ruffling. This past show my favorite daylily was 'Kennesaw Mountain Hayride' hybridized by Bill Waldorp in Georgia. Other favorites include 'Orange City', 'Lava Burst' and the pumpkin and black colored daylily 'Halloween Masquerade' by Leon Payne in Houston.

*CG:* What would you recommend for a beginner?

GC: I would recommend making one nice purchase of inexpensive daylilies from a trusted vendor such as Dan Hansen in Florida, or Bonnie and Stan Holly in Sacramento. Try giving the hybridizer \$100 or \$200 and ask them to select a variety for you. You'll get more for your money and the hybridizer will go out of their way to give a superb value.

CG: What books or other sources of information would you recommend for people to learn more about daylilies?

GC: The daylily dictionary online at <a href="http://www.daylilies.org/ahs\_dictionary">http://www.daylilies.org/ahs\_dictionary</a> is an excellent source for terms. The AHS publishes a thorough comprehensive book "The New Daylily Handbook" for about \$20 (<a href="http://www.daylilies.org/AHSpubl.html">http://www.daylilies.org/AHSpubl.html</a>). The AHS also has a voucher program where you receive a voucher for \$35–\$75 that can be used for free daylilies at any of the listed providers when you sign up as a new AHS member.

*CG:* What benefit do people get from joining the local chapter of the Southwest Hemerocallis Society?

GC: In addition to the social aspects of sharing the love and knowledge of daylilies, we have interesting meetings, a daylily show and annually purchase new and interesting varieties.

# California Garden Restrospective

Looking back at California Garden: 1949-1968

# By Nancy Carol Carter and Lucy Warren

rebounding post-World War II economy fueled unprecedented national prosperity and growth between 1949 and 1968. San Diego's population more than doubled, and suburban housing development created thousands of bare new garden plots in Southern California, leading to an expansion of the commercial nursery business. Rapid housing growth reinvigorated California Garden's attention to civic beautification. Photographs of sterile suburban tract homes appeared, along with articles on the benefits of planting landscape and street trees. The earliest articles on "safe landscaping" were published. In the early 1950s, the topic referred to selecting trees and shrubs to prevent the creation of blind corners on new suburban streets, however, by 1959 the magazine also turned attention to canyon clearance and landscaping that can make homes safer during a wild fire.

This was a transitional period for the Floral Association and *California Garden* as the last of the generation who personally knew those present at the formation of the organization and the magazine was handed off to newer members. The past was honored in the autumn 1953 'Kate Sessions Issue.' Selections of her writings and nine articles about her were published in a collection that remains useful today. Another nod to history occurred when the summer 1959 issue faithfully reproduced the appearance and content of the magazine's first volume.

Established voices continued to lend depth and quality to *California Garden*. Roland S. Hoyt, tropical plant expert, championed the cause of more intelligent choices of plant materials by familiarizing readers with little-known plants appropriate to the area. Chauncy I. Jerebek, 'The Tree Man,' sustained his long association with the magazine throughout this era, as did Hugh Evans (eminent Los Angeles horticulturist) and the venerable Ethel Baily Higgins of the San Diego Museum of Natural History. The magazine also marked the passing of some notables. Guy Fleming, instrumental in the creation of Torrey Pines State Park, published until shortly before his death in 1960. Alfred C. Hottes, nationally recognized writer and editor, contributed until his untimely demise in 1955, ironically leaving an unusual article on cemetery landscaping

Regular and long-running columns were a distinctive feature of *California Garden* during the 1950s and '60s. Ada Perry, local radio and garden news celebrity, took over the practical "Garden Chores" column in 1952. For more than 20 years, Marion Almy Lippitt wrote "Leaves from the Observer's Notebook," a quirky meditation on life, salted with occasional references to the garden projects of her husband Henry. Janet Richards collected news and events in her "Compost" column. Under the banner "Roland Hoyt Recommends," the landscape architect featured a single plant in each column, always identified by its Latin name.

Organizational news reported the acquisition of the Anni Baldaugh portrait of Kate O. Sessions that still hangs in the office and library of the Floral Association. Avid support for the California Forest Service reforestation fund initiated more than 60 years of organizational involvement with the Penny Pines program. World War II military uses of Balboa Park were phased out so that in 1951 the San Diego Floral Association could happily announced its return to the Floral Building, becoming one of the seven cultural institutions then present in the park.



An image from a story on planting 'street trees' in the December 1966/ January 1967 issue.

1950: Korean War breaks out; credit card invented

**1953:** Molecular structure of DNA discovered.

1957: Sputnik I launched; Interstate 8 under construction

1959: Alaska and Hawaii gain statehood

1962: Cuban Missile Crisis; Silent Spring published

1964: The Beatles appear on The Ed Sullivan Show; UCSD opens

With so much new home construction and a population boom, California Garden reclaimed its founding purpose of educating people about the best plants and techniques for Southern California and Mediterranean gardening. Descriptions of individual plants and their care are editorial themes of these two decades, although a wide array of topics are presented, including the first articles on Japanese gardens.

The return of photographic film to the public marketplace after World War II was celebrated with many photo illustrations

in the magazine and—beginning in 1955—on covers. Single color covers made a modest and intermittent appearance in the '60s. A full-color cover debuted with the April-May 1967 issue, but did not become a standard feature.

Among the editors during these twenty years were Emily W. Clayton, Dorothy Abbott, Mable Hazard, George A. LaPoint, Don West, Vera Morgan and Virginia Casty Norell. Alice Mary Clark filled in as needed between editorial appointments. Book reviews were added as a regular feature and a "Calendar of Care" replaced the more ominously entitled "Garden Chores" column. The new approach brought in contributions from plant societies with specialized knowledge of begonias, roses, orchids, dahlias and other individual species.

Now, more than ever, *California Garden* is educating people about the best plants and gardening techniques for our region. Entering the third year of a persistent drought with potential rationing on the horizon, we are taking a hard look at water usage, and how our plant selection and care affects this critical issue. Beautiful yards and gardens can be water wise and environmentally friendly. Recommending native plants and plants from other Mediterranean climate regions provides a plethora of choices and reduces wasteful use of resources. Our plant care

recommendations aim to increase natural methods of pest and disease control in a way that is consistent with integrated pest management (IPM) techniques.

Part of our educational mission is to introduce a broader audience to the many affiliated clubs and societies in San Diego. These groups are storehouses of knowledge of specific plant groups and generously share that information with others. Their seasonal recommendations for plant care appear in "Now is the Time," while more extensive feature articles highlight specific

plant groups.

In our centennial year we took the long-desired leap to color for our cover and for several inside pages. Photography is an important part of *California Garden* and almost all of the photographs in the publication are either author or editor supplied.







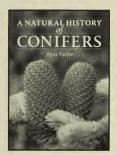








All of the books reviewed in California Garden are part of the San Diego Floral Association Library collection (located in Room 105, Casa del Prado, Balboa Park, San Diego, CA). Come, browse-and if you're a SDFA member-check them out!



# A Natural History of **Conifers**

By Aljos Farjon Timber Press \$35 (Hardcover); 304 pages

In A Natural History of Conifers, the author's goal is to offer conifers

a "much needed facelift." Instead of seeing conifers as hedge plants and Christmas trees the author writes to enlighten us to the extraordinary diversity and extensive history of conifers. A staff member of world-famous Kew Garden in London, Aljon Farlon begins with the basic concept of what conifers are; through the chapters he shares his vast knowledge on the evolution, taxonomy, ecology, distribution, human use and conservation of the 627 species that occupy every continent on earth from high latitudes to tropical forests.

The evolution of many species over the course of three hundred million years of geological changes, climate extremes and extinction of some species make fascinating reading. The chapter, 'All or Nothing about Ancestors,' is a reminder of the species lost to our planet. Another reveals the long evolutionary process these trees have taken and their great contribution to the world. Conifers of each geographic area are described and discussed with excellent photography to enhance our knowledge. Farjon provides a wealth of information about the diverse conifers beyond the daily life of most of us and an appreciation for their incredible importance to the life and beauty of the planet.

Aljos Farlon worked as Senior Scientific Officer of Royal Kew Botanic Gardens from 1996 to 2006 and he is now an Honorary Research Associate there. -Kay Harry

# John Brookes - Garden and Landscape Designer

By Barbara Simms Conran Octopus Ltd. Publishing \$40 (Hardcover); 204 pages



Luscious color photos, landscape design drawings and a long success story are the highlights of this handsome volume. Subtitled "the career and work of today's most influential garden and landscape designer," it presents a glowing narrative of Brookes' life and

impressive body of work.

Following a childhood of fascination with all growing things and military service in WWI, he found his way into his chosen field with a horticultural course at his local college. It was a time when the concept of landscape architecture as a profession was still in its infancy. But his passion for garden design soon attracted the interest of landscape pioneers whose support led to what eventually became worldwide recognition of his talents as not only a landscape designer, but also as a highly regarded teacher and author in Britain.

The first section of the book provides a detailed account of his professional progression, and it is interesting to note how his work evolved from formal planting areas to a more natural rambling style. This could be attributed to his view of plants as secondary to "the fitness of the garden for family use." He was among those who came to regard the garden as a retreat into nature, and not a fantasy or theater, as seemed popular in the 19th century.

Traveling the world on various commissions, his emphasis has been on regional landscape identity. Except perhaps for the "typical English gardens" he designed for the Chicago Botanical Garden and in Tateshima, Japan, he has followed horticultural palettes in such diverse locations as Albany, New York; La Coruna, Spain; San Isidro, Argentina and, of course, many locations in Britain. Many were estate-sized properties that required some degree of making over and most of the finished design included his signature pergolas and rectangular ponds. (He claims California landscape designer Thomas Church as an important influence.) Parks and commercial areas also were transformed by his ideals of bringing natural landscapes into a wide variety of settings.

All are presented in words and photos that could be an armchair garden tour in themselves. A lengthy gazetteer at the end of the book lists all of his garden design locations.

-Marge Howard-Jones



# The Orchid Expert

By Dr. D.G. Hessayon Expert \$15 (Paperback); 128 pages

Orchids are fascinating because they really are different from any other plant. No other plants have their flower anatomy or other complex seed germination story, and among

the various types, you will find roots that can take in moisture from the air, flowers that last for months and color combinations that are unmatched in the plant kingdom.

The Orchid Expert, by Dr. D.G. Hessayon, is a must-read, slim volume that contains a valuable, handy reference guide for how to make orchids permanent members of your garden family. It features important information in short chapters filled with graphs, diagrams and pictures that make this book easy to understand. The Orchid Expert provides information on ways to ensure repeat flowering, what to look for when buying a plant, the secrets of success and orchid care as well as an "A-Z" guide to the world of orchids.

The Orchid Expert should appeal to any skill level of orchid enthusiast, but it is particularly valuable for first-time growers. I found, as a beginner, that the book helped demystify orchid growing and gave me the information I needed to not only get started growing but the confidence to feel like I could also become an "orchid expert!" For instance, one myth quickly overturned is that orchids are too difficult for ordinary people; the popular ones are no more difficult than your average house plant, and the book helps show how the average person can successful care for his or her own orchid. -Allison Hooker

# MOVING? Please let us know.

Help us keep membership costs down by informing us of your new address promptly. Fax it to us at 619-232-5762 or mail it to: SDFA, 1650 El Prado #105, San Diego, CA 92101-1684. Changes of address can also be submitted by email to membership@sdfloral.org.

# Trees and Shrubs for the Southwest: Woody Plants for Arid Gardens

By Mary Irish Timber Press \$35 (Hardcover); 332 pages



Sometimes it's easy to forget that San Diego is part of the Southwest. After all, with out coastal breezes and the more predominant 'Southern California' descriptor, it is hard to remember that many of the gardening challenges we faceespecially in the East Countyare shared by places such as Phoenix, Arizona and Laredo, Texas.

Mary Irish, former director of public horticulture at the Desert Botanical Garden in Phoenix, Arizona, aims to help all the residents in the southwest-from San Diego to Laredo-by offering expert plant selection and care advice and detailed plant profiles of over 180 woody plants and palm trees appropriate to the region in this outstanding reference book.

Trees and Shrubs for the Southwest is both informative and a visual gem. Mary Irish does a great job of setting up why the southwest region-with its mild, mountainous and high-heat desert regions-needs gardeners to plant climate-appropriate species, from the always looming issue of water usage to promoting natural habitats for birds and other wildlife. She also emphasizes care and cultivation with clearly explained sections that will help both novice and skilled gardeners get the most out of their new woody plants and palms. It is possible to feel that all the information you'd need to select, plant and care for the right tree or shrub is included in these 332 pages.

The bulk of the book is made up of plant profiles, where the author loads readers up with detailed information on each recommended plant. The plant's family name, distribution, mature size, blooming period, exposure and hardiness are given, as well as several paragraphs of detailed descriptions of the plant's characteristics, growing habits and related varieties. Of added benefit are the beautiful accompanying photos; each plant has a corresponding image, most shot by the author's husband, horticultural photographer Gary Irish. This plethora of information and images is a boon for anyone struggling to find the perfect plant for their landscape.

Readers should feel confident that they will learn something new about woody plants and palms and, if they follow the author's advice, be reassured that due to the author's attention to detail, they'll end up with a great, regionally-appropriate plant. -Amy R. Wood

# Now is the time

Timely tips to keep your plants happy throughout May and June

# **African Violets**

## Barbara Conrad, Carlsbad African Violet Society

- This is the time of year when most violets bloom. Use a super bloom fertilizer from your local nursery to jolt stubborn violets into bloom.
- Check plants with a magnifying glass under a lamp for tiny insects.
- Be sure to disinfect pots when you transplant or change soil.
- · Tight centers mean too much fertilizer or insects.
- To help maintain a healthy base to produce blooms later, remove all blossoms when you feed with nutrients which promote foliage growth.
- Remember violets prefer distilled or filtered water. They do not like softened water.

# **Begonias**

# Doris Smith, Alfred D. Robinson Begonia Society

- Use light porous soil to repot when needed. Only go one size pot larger. Check tubers, repot and add fresh soil. Stake as needed
- · Wash insects off with water.
- Pinch back once or twice and fertilize for more blooms and bushier canes.

## **Bonsai**

# Kora Dalager, San Diego Bonsai Club

- Monitor repotted trees for adequate watering. Adjust watering to warmer and drier weather.
- Water repotted trees from overhead, be sure both foliage and trunk are wetted.
- Wet down all bonsai on a regular basis to avert spider mites.
- · Spray for insects. Use systemic sprays only as a last resort.
- Pinch back deciduous trees regularly; pinch back elms weekly if possible.
- Vigorous growing deciduous trees, such as trident maples and zelkovas may be defoliated and reported in June. Keep reported trees in the shade for at least three weeks.
- · Cut back candles on black pines by mid June.
- Fertilize trees sparingly but consistently. Use an acid fertilizer on pines and azaleas.
- · Rotate trees weekly to maintain proper shape.

# **Bromeliad**

## Mary Siemers, Bromeliad Study Group of Balboa Park

- Spray a high acid water-soluble fertilizer. Use at half the recommended strength. You can also spread Osmocote formula 14-14-14 over the soil. Use one teaspoon per six-inch pot. This will last four to six months. Do not use fish emulsion.
- Gradually increase watering as the weather warms up. Do not over water. Bromeliads do not like to have soggy roots.
- Use shade cloth or corrugated fiberglass to protect plants from direct summer sun and still allow lots of sunlight.
- Cut offsets when they are one-third to one-half the size of the mother plant. Pot them in a porous medium to create new plants.

# Cacti and Succulents

# Joyce Buckner, The Plant Man Nursery in Old Town

- Late spring is the best time to repot cacti and succulents and make new succulent dish gardens.
- Choose containers with adequate drainage. Drainage holes need to be at the lowest point of the bottom of the pot. Pots that are unglazed on the inside with "legs" giving drainage a bit of clearance are the best for succulent plants.
- Cover the drainage holes with screen (plastic or fiberglass) to keep the soil in and let the water out.
- Use a light porous soil mix. Soil should not contain any decomposing material that may cause rot. Tightly squeeze a handful of soil in your fist. If it clumps together add more pumice, perlite or crushed lava stone to insure proper drainage.
- Cactus and cactus-like euphorbias should be kept dry and protected (filtered light) for about a week before watering. Water succulents thoroughly and immediately after re-potting.
- Allow soil to get fairly dry after watering to promote root growth and a stronger, healthier plant.
- Cover newly potted plants with a piece of window screen for a few weeks if containers are located in strong/full sun.



# San Diego Floral Association

# ANNUAL HISTORIC GARDEN TOUR

Join us June 6 from 10:00 a.m. to 4 p.m. as we tour six special, historic gardens: three in Banker's Hill and three in Point Loma. For \$15 (\$20 day of the tour) tour takers will experience unique garden grounds—including a garden designed by SDFA pioneers Milton Sessions and Roland Hoyt, complete with their original landscape plans—and have access to horticultural vendors, Master Gardeners, a complementary wine reception at the French Garden Shoppe and more.

The day promises to be full of fun so **don't miss out!** 



## **Ticket Information**

To purchase your tickets for the Garden Tour, please send a check to the San Diego Floral Association, 1650 El Prado Room 105, San Diego CA 92101-1684. Tickets for the Garden Tour will also be available for sale starting April 15 at these fine locations: Walter Andersen Nurseries, Mission Hills Nursery, Kniffing Nursery, Cedros Gardens and Weider Nursery. If you have any questions about the tour, please contact the SDFA office at 619-232-5762 or visit sdfloral.org.

## Camellias

## Sharon Lee, San Diego Camellia Society

- May is the time to apply the second of your three annual fertilizer applications. The easiest way to remember the dates is St. Patrick's Day, Memorial Day and the Fourth of July. Mix blood meal with cottonseed meal at the ratio of one part blood to four parts cottonseed. Use one tablespoon for a one gallon-sized plant and up to two cups for very large in-ground plants. It is also recommended to add chelated iron at this time. You can also use a pre-mixed camellia/azalea fertilizer. Follow application rates on container. If you missed the first application, just start feeding now.
- Keep your camellias watered. While camellias are not waterhungry, they don't like to dry out. Regular watering is the best practice. Deep watering a few times throughout the year to flush accumulated salts from the Colorado River water is also a good idea.
- Mulch plants to conserve water and keep roots moist. Camellias
  have shallow root systems, and mulching helps keep these
  shallow roots moist. It is critical, however, to keep the mulch
  two or so inches away from the trunk. Camellias do not like the
  immediate area around the trunk covered.
- · Prune unwanted new growth.
- Be on the lookout for insects. You can hose off aphids. Check with your local Master Gardener hotline or nursery for organic solutions to other insects. Camellias generally do not have many insect problems.

# **Dahlias**

### Dave Tooley, San Diego Dahlia Society

- Feed with a low nitrogen fertilizer (4-10-10).
- Spray weekly to control insects. Watch for leaf miners, thrips and aphids. Try systemic; if spraying, use a weak solution on new foliage.
- Water when top of soil is dry. Soak deeply and often when buds are forming.
- · Plant new varieties and give regular growing care.
- Draw the soil up around each plant as they grow.
- Pinch out centers of plants when two or three sets of leaves have developed.

# **Epiphyllums**

# Phil Peck, San Diego Epiphyllum Society

- Prune plants to shape by cutting at a node or close to the soil line. Plant cuttings after flowering.
- Bait for snails and slugs. Use ultra fine horticultural oil for scale.
- Wilted flowers that don't drop may be cut just above the branch node to give new buds more room to open.
- Start new cuttings or repot crowded plants.
- Keep soil damp. Do not allow plants to dry out.
- Use a three-month balanced fertilizer.
- Many epis do well on a trellis; stake long, spindly growth.
- · Protect foliage from hot summer sun.



## **Ferns**

## Bob Halley, San Diego Fern Society

- · Remove all old dead fronds.
- · Keep humidity up. Most ferns are starting full growth now. Water frequently.
- Fertilize with half-strength, high-nitrogen liquid or slow release
- · Spray for aphids, thrips and scale. Spread snail and slug bait as
- · Treat for giant white fly by wiping off egg spirals.
- · Collect and sow spores.

## **Fruit Trees and Vines**

## Vincent Lazaneo, Urban Horticulture Advisor, **UC Cooperative Extension**

- · Check citrus and other hosts of diaprepes root weevil for semicircular notches along the edges of new leaves. For photos and quarantine information see www.cdfa.ca.gov and enter "Diaprepes map" in search box. Click on regulations. Call 800-491-1899 to report possible infestation.
- · Irrigate trees thoroughly as needed to maintain adequate soil moisture. Apply water around mature trees in a broad band beginning one-third of the distance from the tree to the tree's drip line and extending out beyond the drip line a few feet. Apply enough water to wet the soil at least two feet deep (about three inches of water on a loam soil).
- · Remove grass and weeds from soil under the tree's canopy.
- Apply a layer of coarse organic mulch on the soil under trees to conserve moisture.
- Keep mulch at least one foot away from trunk to protect trees from crown rot.
- · Complete thinning apples, pears and stone fruit after "June
- · Remove any suckers growing from rootstock (below the graft
- · Wash trees periodically with a forceful spray of water to remove dust, honeydew and pests like aphids, whiteflies and spider mites.
- · Spray walnuts with carbaryl (Sevin) when nuts are about the size of a nickel and again three weeks later to control coddling moth larvae (wormy nuts).
- · Control ants, which protect aphids and other sap-feeding insects; visit www.ipm.ucdavis.edu for Pest Notes on ants and other garden pests.

## Herbs

# John Noble, Coastal Sage Gardening

- Pull out spent winter annuals such as borage and calendula.
- Prune back perennial herbs Mexican marigold and rosemary.
- · Plant basil, cayenne, parsley, valerian, feverfew and chamomile.
- · Harvest yerba mansa, mint, elderberry flowers and lavender blossoms.

## **Irises**

# Leon Vogel, San Diego/Imperial Counties Iris Society

- · Allow cut surfaces of rhizomes to dry and be exposed to sunlight before planting or give a light dusting of soil sulfur. They may also be placed in a vitamin B solution for a while.
- · Make sure all iris labels match their name (check bloom description).
- · Cut stalks near the ground when finished blooming.
- Feed heavily (one tbsp. per rhizome) with a 6-20-20 mix when bloom season is over.
- · Keep watering.
- · Check for aphids and leaf rust.
- · Prepare beds for planting. Work in humus, soil sulfur and decomposed manure.
- · Feed spurias with low-nitrogen fertilizer.
- · Feed Siberians after blooming with a balanced food. Dig and transplant after June.
- · Feed Japanese irises with camellia food; add to water in which they are growing.

## **Native Plants**

## John Noble, Coastal Sage Gardening

- · Most native plants can go three to four weeks between watering. Riparian natives need to be watered once or twice a week. Wash the dust off shrubs and trees with a quick shower once a month.
- · Harvest wildflower seeds.
- · Pull out or weed whack wildflowers after they dry.
- · Mulch with shredded bark or gravel around plants.
- · Keep planting at a minimum until next fall.





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# San Diego Horticultural Society Meetings 2nd Monday of each month

6 - 9 pm ❖ Exciting Meetings - Everyone Welcome! Surfside Race Place, Del Mar Fairgrounds

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- Trips to outstanding gardens Monthly 26-page newsletter
- Free meetings with exciting speakers Nursery discounts
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- Lending library: books & videos
- \*and much more!

## **UPCOMING MEETINGS:**

# May 11: From Garden to Table: Delicious Tips from the Experts

Five experts will speak about their edible specialties. May is a great time to plant your edibles, so bring a friend and plan to purchase plants, seeds and books to get yourself off to a good start. Karan Cooper shares her expertise with heirloom tomatoes. Ramiro Lobo discusses challenges and opportunities in growing Southern Highbush blueberries. Karen England will talk about herbs. Mia Yamada McCarville, owner of Cedros Gardens in Solana Beach will talk about growing Asian vegetables. Tom Del Hotal will present several exotic fruits we can grow here. Members free, non-members \$5.

Info: sdhortsoc.org or (760) 295

# 2009 Cactus & Succulent Show & Sale Presented by The San Diego Cactus And Succulent Society

JUNE 6th and 7th

### At The Casa Del Prado, Room 101 and Patio, Balboa Park

Strange and exotic plants from the far corners of the world gathered together for your viewing amazement!!

Courtyard sale of choice specimen plants for the novice and collector as well as handmade stoneware planters and pots!!

### SHOW HOURS:

Saturday, June 6: 10am to 3pm Sunday, June 7: 10am to 4pm

SALE HOURS:

Saturday, June 6: 10am to 5pm Sunday, June 7: 10am to 4pm

(Judging will be after 3pm Saturday)

For additional information please visit: www.sdcss.com

Steve & Shari Matteson's

"El Shackito" The Garden Shop, is coming along nicely..... lots of garden candy! (decorations) Stop in for a visit soon, we have lots & lots of lovely plants, & there's always something new & fun to see in the garden!



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San Diego Horticultural Society presents

# A Special Evening with the inspiring **George Little & David Lewis** "The Garden as Companion"

Monday, June 8, 7:00pm

Doors open 6:15pm for book & plant sales

**Convenient Mission Valley Location:** Scottish Rite Center, 1895 Camino Del Rio South

As a work of passion and imagination, one's garden becomes a living entity that returns more than it receives. Little and Lewis will speak of their experience in developing this deep companionship. Website has details.



# Reserve your seat now!

\$15/members \$20/non-members

Order at www.SDHortSoc.org

Everyone welcome, so bring your friends!

Info: (760) 295-7089



# **Orchids**

## Christopher Croom, San Diego County Orchid Society

- Reed-stemmed epidendrums will be in flower for a few more months.
- Protect plants from sun damage as temperatures start to increase.
- Finish repotting. Be sure to soak planting medium first this late in the season.
- Water more as plants increase their growth rate. Give extra water to mounted plants because they do not retain moisture.
- Bring some indoor plants outside for the summer.
- · Watch for insect infestations and spray to prevent disease.

# **Pelargoniums**

## Jim Zemcik, San Diego Geranium Society

- · Avoid unnecessary pruning or cutting.
- · Remove dead or damaged leaves to prevent molds and fungus.
- Watch for geranium rust. Treat with non-sulfur-based rust inhibitor/eradicator such as Immunox. Sulfur-based rust products are ineffective on geranium rust.
- Keep the soil moist and the foliage dry. Many geraniums will drop their lower leaves if they get too dry.
- Apply a good commercial fertilizer at two-week intervals. Use at one-third to one-half recommended strength.
- · Deadhead as soon as blooms pass their peak.
- Guard against whitefly, budworm and aphids. Use a product that contains both an insecticide and fungicide. Follow manufacturer's recommendations and keep preventive control on a steady, continuous schedule.
- Keep pots out of full sun. Protect plants from severe sun damage.
- Rotate plants to keep them well-shaped and covered with blooms.

## Plumeria

## Frank Zotter, Southern California Plumeria Society

- Move potted plants from protected winter areas to warm full sun.
- Start watering and fertilizing with a low nitrogen fertilizer like 3-12-12.
- Take cuttings and prune: prune only to shape the plant.
- Repot plants and "top up" larger plants; this is to replace the soil with a fresh and revitalized mix. Use one-half cactus mix, one-fourth #3 perlite and one-fourth worm compost. Keep soil at same level as before.
- Expect first new blooms from last season's remaining inflorescence.

## Roses

### Al Heck, San Diego Rose Society

- Deadhead stems and canes when blooms are spent. Remember that new canes can never be greater than the diameter of the cane from which they sprout.
- Blossom rot, or Botrytis fungus shows up as brown dead spots on the blooms. Control it with fungicides such as Compass, Cleary's or Mancozeb.
- Protect new growth from bud unions or the large canes at the base of the plant. These basals will replace the older canes you may want to prune away in December/January.
- Water well as the heat increases. Roses need one inch of water twice a week this time of year. Potted roses need even more.
- Spray wash the bushes before 10:00 a.m. to control powdery mildew or spray with a powdery mildew fungicide according to the label instructions.
- Feed both your roses and your soil microbes. Use a balanced regimen of half inorganic fertilizers and half organic fertilizers.

# Vegetables

## Vincent Lazaneo, Urban Horticulture Advisor, UC Cooperative Extension

- Plant warm-season crops, requiring warm weather and soil for rapid growth: beans, corn, cucurbits (cucumbers, gourds, luffas, melons, squash), peanuts, peppers, sunflowers, tomatoes and tender herbs (basil).
- Plant pumpkins in early June for Halloween.
- Stop watering onions and garlic grown for bulbs when leaves begin to turn yellow. Dig bulbs when tops have fallen over and place in a shady, well ventilated area to cure.
- Apply nitrogen fertilizer. For every ten feet of row, apply onethird to one-half cup of ammonium sulfate or one-fourth cup of ammonium nitrate alongside the row a few inches from the plants and the irrigate thoroughly.
- Check plants for pests. Spray or dust tomatoes lightly with sulfur when plants are one-foot tall to control russet mites and powdery mildew. Wrap paper collars around stems of tomato transplants when planted to protect from cut worms.
- Visit http://virc.ucdavis.edu for more information about growing vegetable crops.

# San Diego Iris Society

The American Iris Society

# **SPRING SHOW AND POTTED IRIS SALE**

Saturday and Sunday, May 2 & 3, 2009

Saturday 1 PM - 5 PM Sunday 10 AM - 4 M

Room101, Casa Del Prado Balboa Park, San Diego, CA

Contact: 619 840-2768

Open to the public... Free admission This is a judged show of Iris and Floral Displays using Iris. There is horticultural and artistic judging.

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# San Diego County **Orchid Society**

Meetings are held the first Tuesday of each month at the Casa Del Prado in Balboa Park.

### Novice Class:

6:30 PM, Room 104 General Meeting: 7:30 PM, Room 101

www.sdorchids.com

12755 Danielson Court Poway, CA 92064 (858) 513-4900 FAX (858) 513-4790 Open 9-6, 7 days a week



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# The Garden Trellis

# Historic and practical gardening solution

# By Lucy Warren

ith increasing urban density, yards and gardens are growing smaller and smaller, yet we still want to optimize our enjoyment of our small corner of green space. So how does anyone take best advantage of that precious plot? Despite our amazement and delight at the "new" topic of vertical gardening, this solution harkens back to at least the early Roman empire and possibly earlier in Asian culture. Growing plants up rather than out literally adds another dimension to the garden.

# History

We really don't know how it all began, which ancient had the brilliant 'aha' moment and began finding ways to provide manmade structures to support climbing plants. Our word "trellis" is derivative from Latin trilicius meaning three threads, describing a strong woven fabric. Indeed, the structure itself is generally akin to a woven pattern and very strong so as to support twining and vining plants. When grown out the trellis becomes more dense as these plants add their threads in weaving their way upward.

Trellises are mentioned by Roman philosopher Pliny the Younger (61-113 A.D.) in garden letters and are recorded

pictorially in the frescos of Pompeii and Herculaneum of the same era. Left unrecorded for a long period, the trellis is evidenced again during medieval times with reference to the use of the "herber" (arbor), this time used more as living walls creating a more private area of the garden providing "seclusion and sweet smelling plants." Thus the open-built structure supports the plants that create living walls that finitely define garden areas.

Famous art historian Horace Walpole (1717-1797) admired trellis structure, noting in his essay On Modern Gardening: Roman Gardens, "Those treillages in the gardens at Paris, particularly on the Boulevard, have a gay and delightful effect. They form light corridors and transpicuous arbours through which the sun beams play and chequer the shade, set off the statues vases and flowers, that marry with their gaudy hotels, and suit the gallant and idle society who paint the walks

between their parterres, and realize the fantastic scenes of Watteau and Duefe." So here is the trellis as an art form.

Somewhat later, in 1905, interior designer Elsie de Woolfe nearly created a scandal when she built a garden trellis inside the Colony Club in New York by attaching the lath to the interior walls. But not long afterward it was considered high style to bring the wooden garden trellis indoors as a decorative element for light filled garden rooms. Soon those less venturous could select from a range of trellis-patterned wallpapers.

As California Garden was becoming a force during the Arts and Crafts period, the trellis was an established iconic garden element of the then modern garden. An illustration of a typical Arts and Crafts trellis of the period first graced our magazine cover in July, 1913. Chinese- and Japanese-themed gardens of the era were hardly complete without the look-through aspect afforded by the space-defining trellis. And with the addition of a roof, "garden room" trellised spaces became comfortable pergolas.

# Structure

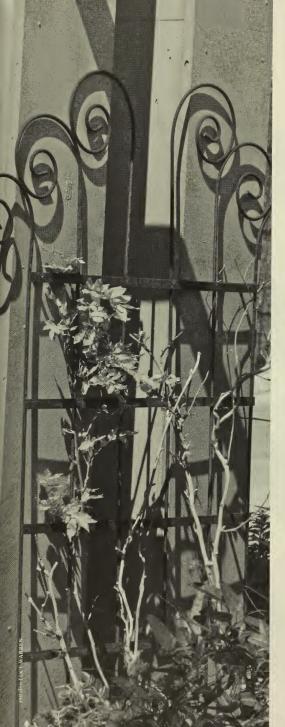
While the purpose is the same, the form of a trellis may vary. Our common first image of a trellis is a lattice-like braced vertical form, the crosspieces most frequently on a diagonal, depicting a

diamond shaped pattern or crossed on the horizontal/vertical axis, creating rectangles or squares. Fan trellises often grace large pots when growing vines in the pots. Arching bentwood trellises structured from green wood may look rustic to sophisticated. While the simple geometric shapes are most common, more elaborate ones do the same job and qualify for the same designation.

Materials may vary considerably. A quick search on the Internet reveals trellises made of wood, vinyl, copper or iron in formed patterns. Some people make them at home using wood lath, bamboo, preformed panels in wood or plastic vinyl, metal forms or even wires. The wooden forms do not heat up as much in direct sun. Metal ones may stunt plant growth when exposed to full sun. A somewhat more unusual metal trellis form for a large eco-friendly casual garden consists of one or more sets of discarded bed springs placed upright against a column or wall.



Trellis featured in an early issue of California Garden.



Size is purely subjective and dependent on intended function. A trellis may be as small as to support a single annual vine. It may be large enough to provide shade, visual relief or closure for a particular garden spot. Or, it may even extend for a great distance as a living wall, defining a walkway or providing a cool transit and respite from summer sun.

Whatever the shape, size or material, unless the trellis is quite small it needs to be well braced at the top, bottom and sides and anchored well in the ground to support both the weight of the structure and of the growing vines.

Some people just use the lattice in a trellis form as a visual element in their garden, possibly to hide an eyesore, to extend the height of a fence or even just to shade a wall, but most are planted out.

Once you have your trellis you can look forward to selecting from an amazing number of plants willing and able to mount that structure. Be prepared, for this venture will be interactive. Your trellis will have a finite height and breadth, which will not necessarily conform to the volume or form of the plant which will be growing upward. You will be training, taming and pruning the plants to size and shape.

# Climbing Plants

Not all climbers are the same. They are, by nature, adventitious plants. While they take little ground space, they cover vertical space with leaves, flowers—even fruits and vegetables—all putting their energy into height rather than structure. In nature most climbers are woodland plants, relying on others for support as they reach for light. Their bases are generally in shadow of trees or other larger plants, roots cooled by shadow and natural mulch of fallen leaves. Their flowers bloom toward the sunlight. Think about this when you position your trellis and select your plants. For optimal color consider facing the trellis with a southern or westward exposure.

Climbing plants have varied and ingenious ways of reaching their altitude. Some vines, such as ivy, have aerial roots or small sucker pads. Others, such as climbing roses or bougainvillea, simply grow outward hoping to find support. For this type, the plant will eventually grow in a mound if support is not found.

More specialized are tendril-climbing plants—grapes and sweet peas come immediately to mind. Specialized leafless stalks grow outward, curling when they sense a surface they can wind around. Clematis don't have the specialized leafless stalks, but their leaf stems or petioles will quickly encircle a support.

Most common are climbing plants that grow in a spiral fashion. The faster growth on one side of the stem creates a curling motion that can encircle and take advantage of a vertical support. Some grow in a clockwise direction and some grow in a counterclockwise direction. As example, spiraling direction is one of the defining botanical variations in different species of wisteria.

For each type of climbing plant there are both woody perennial plants and herbaceous ones. Of the herbaceous, some are annuals that reseed each year and others are more like deciduous plants which die back and regrow. Convolvulus or morning glories, for example, grow from tubers. While the flowers and foliage die back in cool weather, the tuber puts forth new growth each spring and grows higher and more vigorously each year.



# Ideas to Consider

Vegetable gardeners can gain valuable garden space by supporting and trellising far reaching plants, such as their cucurbits (squash, cucumbers, melons and gourds). Those with heavy fruits may need support of the fruit—nylon slings from old pantyhose can lend support to melons and squash. If the plants do not climb naturally, they may be tied progressively upward on the support. Pole beans and peas are natural climbers and will easily twine around strings or other light supports. Yams or sweet potatoes have an attractive vine and flowers with the bonus of the edible root. Indeterminate tomato plants, such as cherry types benefit from support, but need to be tied to attain upright stance. Grapes and kiwi need stronger supports.

If you are envisioning English vine covered cottages and thirsty plants while you are trying to save water, don't despair. Native plant specialist and guru, Greg Rubin of California's Own Native Landscape Design (www.calowndesign.com) suggests a number of attractive choices indigenous to our climate. "We have three native species of creamy white flowered clematis that all sport impressive seed heads." Consider a trellis filled with deciduous Vitus californica 'Roger's Red' a marvelous native California wild grape with beautiful leaves. Enjoy a California morning glory, Calystegia macrostugia-the selection 'Anacapa Pink' is a delicate shade that is evergreen near the coast and comes from the Channel Island of the same name. Or, if you prefer a more purplish flower, Calystegia pupuratus tends to be more evergreen. Keckiella cordifolia or climbing penstemon may need a little assist and tying to your trellis, but who can resist a drought tolerant plant with spring to summer red-orange tubular abelia-like flowers. Two selections which need regular water but good drainage are the unusual California pipe vine (Aristolochia californica)-which prefers part shade-and the delightful snapdragon vine (Maurandya antirrhiniflora) - a tender, delicate vine with magenta to blue-purple flowers.

Planting complementary vines can extend the blooming season of the trellis. Compatible plants such as a climbing rose and a clematis may be utilized on the same support without competing and enhance one another with complementary blooming cycles.

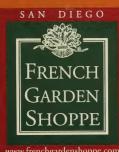
That said, there is a tendency to plant trellises with too many plants. As they mature, the plants become less manageable and require more care. Try to remember to plant with an eye to the future. While the trellis may look spare for a couple of seasons, your patience will be rewarded in healthier plants and optimizing your garden care.

In a similar caution, woody perennials may overrun your trellis space within a few years. As the trunks become heavier they may break any inadequate supports. Again, research the ultimate size of your trellis plants before you plant them, and build the trellis support to accommodate the future needs of the plants.

## Resources

There are numerous books written addressing vines and climbing plants. Local landscape architect Kay Stewart recommends, Flowering, Fruiting and Foliage Vines by Crandall and Crandall. Another excellent resource for ideas, Ornamental Plants for Subtropical Regions by Roland Hoyt (available for \$5 from the San Diego Floral Association), offers lists of alternative plants for many different needs and conditions.





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# SDFA Calendar A listing of the best gardening-related activities in

# the county for May and June 2009

# May Events

### MAY 1

VISTA GARDEN CLUB MEETING

Plant sales and fellowship, who could ask for anything more!

When: 12:00 p.m.-2:00 p.m.

Where: Gloria McClellan Senior Center, 1400 Vale Terrace Dr. Vista

More Information: www.vistagardenclub.org

VISTA GARDEN CLUB FLOWER SHOW

Everyone is welcome to this free and fun event!

When: 2:00 p.m.-5:00 p.m., Sunday, May 3, 2009, 10:00 a.m.-4:00 p.m. Where: Brengle Terrace Park Recreation Center, 1200 Vale Terrace, Vista

More Information: www.vistagardenclub.org

SAN DIEGO EPIPHYLLUM SOCIETY PLANT SALE

Expand your epiphyllum collection by attending this plant sale.

When: 9:00 a.m.-4:00 p.m.

Where: Nairobi Village, San Diego Wild Animal Park

More Information: www.epiphyllum.com

### SAN DIEGO IRIS SOCIETY SPRING SHOW AND SALE

See the County's best irises and take home a plant from this show and sale. When: 1:00 p.m.-5:00 p.m. (Sat. May 2), 10:00 a.m.-4:00 p.m. (Sun. May 3)

Where: Room 101, Casa del Prado, Balboa Park

More Information: 760-788-1376

### MAY 3

EAST COUNTY ROSE SOCIETY

The meetings are open to the public and everyone is welcome.

When: 2:00 p.m.-4:00 p.m.

Where: Member's Gardens (contact group for locations)

More Information: 619-447-4131, www.eastcountyrosesociety.com

PALOMAR DISTRICT OF CALIFORNIA FLORAL DESIGN FORUM

Featuring Jim Johnson, author, lecturer and director of the Benz School of Floral Design at Texas A&M College. Cost is \$8.

When: 12:30 p.m.-3:00 p.m.

Where: Carlsbad Women's Club, 3320 Monroe St., Carlsbad

More Information: 760-494-7774, www.carlsbadgardenclub.com

SAN DIEGO COUNTY ORCHID SOCIETY MEETING

Come join the fun!

When: 7:30 p.m.

Where: Casa del Prado, Balboa Park More Information: 619-294-5925

SAN DIEGO HERB CLUB MEETING

Monthly meeting features speakers, herbal crafts and workshops.

When: 7:00 p.m.

Where: Room 101 Casa del Prado, Balboa Park

More Information: 519-579-0222

### MISSION HILLS GARDEN CLUB WALK

A self-guided tour of private gardens in beautiful Mission Hills. Tickets are \$20 in advance, \$25 the day of the walk; walk happens rain or shine.

When: 10:00 a.m.-4:00 p.m.

Where: Begin at Mission Hills Nursery, 1525 Fort Stockton Dr., San Diego

More Information: www.missionhillsgardenclub.org

### SAN DIEGO BROMELIAD SOCIETY MEETING

Three Bromeliad Personalities, Victoria Padilla, Werner Rauh, Ed Hummell,

When: 10:00 a.m.

Where: Room 104, Casa del Prado, Balboa Park

More information: www.bsi.org

## SAN DIEGO CACTUS AND SUCCULENT SOCIETY MEETING

All persons with an interest in cacti and succulents are invited! When: 1:00 p.m.-4:00 p.m.

Where Room 101, Casa del Prado, Balboa Park

More information: 619-795-1020, www.sdcss.com

## SAN DIEGO EPIPHYLLUM SOCIETY SALE

"Epies through the Decades." Saturday is the pre-Mother's Day Plant & Cuttings Sale, Sunday is the annual Mother's Day Plant & Cuttings Sale. When: 9:00 a.m.-4:00 p.m. (Sat. May 9), 11:00 a.m.-4:00 p.m. (Sun. May 10) Where: Courtyard (Sat.), Room 101 (Sun.), Casa del Prado, Balboa Park

More Information: www.epiphyllum.com

### SAN DIEGO HORTICULTURAL SOCIETY MEETING

"From Garden to Table: Delicious Tips from the Experts," featuring a panel of five speakers. Admittance for members is free, non-members \$5.

When: 6:00 p.m.-9:00 p.m. Where: Surfside Race Place, Del Mar Fairgrounds, Del Mar

More information: www.sdhortsoc.org

### BROMELIAD STUDY GROUP OF BALBOA PARK MEETING

Come learn about this interesting plant.

When: 7:00 p.m.

Where: Room 104, Casa del Prado, Balboa Park

More Information: jdoss12345@aol.com

### DOS VALLES GARDEN CLUB MEETING

"Perennials and Drought Tolerant Plants" by Judy Wigand.

When: 12:00 p.m.

Where: St. Stephen Catholic Church, 31020 Cole Grade Road, Valley Center

More information: www.dosvallesgardenclub.org

### SAN DIEGO GERANIUM SOCIETY MEETING

Bring a friend, bring a plant for raffle and enjoy!

When: 7:00 p.m .- 9:00 p.m.

Where: Room 101, Casa del Prado, Balboa Park

More information: 619-447-8243, www.sdgeranium.org

### **MAY 13**

BONITA VALLEY GARDEN CLUB

Join them for their monthly meeting.

When: 9:30 a.m. Hospitality; 10:00 a.m. Meeting

Where: Bonita Library Community Room, 4375 Bonita Road, Bonita

More Information: Darlene Montgomery, 619-267-1585, dmontg@live.com

### POINT LOMA GARDEN CLUB MEETING

"A Camera in Your Garden"-Lynlee Austell, Barbara Smith and Kathy

Hargrove will give tips and techniques to capture your garden's memories.

When: 10:00 a.m.

Where: Portuguese Hall, 2818 Avenida de Portugal, San Diego

More Information: www.plgc.org

SAN DIEGO EPIPHYLLUM SOCIETY MEETING

General membership meeting and mini flower show. When: 7:30 p.m.

Where: Room 101, Casa del Prado, Balboa Park More Information: www.epiphyllum.com

# SAN DIEGO GERANIUM SOCIETY SHOW

See what's new with geraniums at this informative show and sale.

When: 12 p.m.-4:00 p.m. (Sat. May 16), 10:00 a.m.-4:00 p.m. (Sun. May 17)

Where: Casa del Prado, Balboa Park

More Information: 619-447-8243, www.sdgeranium.org

SAN DIEGO ROSE SOCIETY MEETING

Monthly meeting and potluck!

When: 7:30 p.m.

Where: Room 101, Casa del Prado, Balboa Park

More information: 619-462-5753, www.sdrosesociety.org

LA JOLLA GARDEN CLUB MEETING

Programs, friends and more.

When: 1:30 p.m.

Where: La Jolla Lutheran Church, 7111 La Jolla Blvd., La Jolla

More Information: Fran Sheinbein, 858-488-5618

MAY 19 continued

RANCHO SAN DIEGO GARDEN CLUB MEETING

Celebrate spring with us!

When: 10:00 a.m.

Where: 1077 Vista Madera, El Cajon

More Information: Connie Beck, 619-749-4059

### CALIFORNIA NATIVE PLANT SOCIETY, SAN DIEGO CHAPTER MEETING

Learn about native flora and the use of native plants in the garden.

When: 7:00 p.m.

Where: Casa del Prado, Balboa Park

More Information: 760-434-5033, www.cnpssd.org

SAN DIEGO COUNTY CYMBIDIUM SOCIETY MEETING

Non-members are welcome guests.

When: 7:00 p.m.

Where: Carlsbad Women's Club, 3320 Monroe, Carlsbad

More Information: 858-748-8355

BERNARDO GARDENERS CLUB MEETING

Marion Stacey, licensed CA Wildlife Rehabilitator, will explain how to enjoy and support local and migratory birds.

When: 1:00 p.m.

Where: Please call, as meeting sites may vary.

More information: 858-673-8728, www.bernardogardeners.org

## CHULA VISTA GARDEN CLUB MEETING

Come join in the fun!

When: 11:45 a.m.

Where: Norman Park Senior Center, 270 F St., Chula Vista

More Information: Marilyn Saleny, 619-656-8669

### DOS VALLES GARDEN CLUB MEETING

"Behind the Garden Gate."

When: 9:30 a.m.

Where: Contact for meeting location

More Information: www.dosvallesgardenclub.org

### SAN DIEGO FERN SOCIETY MEETING

Come learn about this elegant plant.

When: 7:30 p.m.

Where: Room 101, Casa del Prado, Balboa Park

More Information: 619-464-2609, www.sdfern.com

### SAN DIEGO BROMELIAD STUDY GROUP SHOW

Come see the best in bromeliads at this show and sale.

When: 12:00 p.m.-4:00 p.m. (Sat., May 23), I0:00 a.m.-4:00 p.m. (Sun. May 24)

Where: Casa del Prado, Balboa Park

More information: 858-453-6486 (weekends only)

### SOUTHERN CALIFORNIA PLUMERIA SOCIETY MEETING

Come, learn and enjoy!

When: I:00 p.m.

Where: Room 102, Casa del Prado, Balboa Park

More information: 619-443-4795

### **MAY 25**

### CARLSBAD AFRICAN VIOLET SOCIETY MEETING

Everything you wanted to know about African Violets.

When: 10:30 a m

Where: Vista Library, 700 Eucalyptus Ave., Vista

More information: 760-295-0484

## BRIDGE AND BAY GARDEN CLUB GENERAL MEETING

Water wise your garden with the help of a Cuyamaca Conservation Garden expert.

When: 9:15 a.m. Refreshments, 9:45 a.m. Meeting and Program

Where: The Winn Room, Coronado Library, Coronado

More Information: www.bridgeandbaygardenclub.org

### LAKE HODGES NATIVE PLANT CLUB

Layla Hains from the San Diego Museum of Natural History presents "Seeing Climate through the Lives of Plants."

When: 2:00 p.m.

Where: Rancho Bernardo Library, 17110 Bernardo Center Dr.

More Information: www.lhnpc.org

### **MAY 26**

BONITA ORGANIC GARDEN CLUB MEETING

Go organic with the help of this group.

When: 6:30 p.m.

Where: Bonita Library Community Room, 4375 Bonita Road

More information: 619-479-9838

### FALLBROOK GARDEN CLUB MEETING

Fall- and winter-blooming salvias with Andy Maycen, host of the Down to

Earth television program.

When: 12:30 p.m. Social, 1:00 p.m. General Meeting Where: Fallbrook Community Center, 341 Herald Lane

More Information: www.fallbrookgardenclub.org

### SAN DIEGO COUNTY DAHLIA SOCIETY

The SD County Dahlia Society welcomes new members!

When: 7:30 p.m.

Where: Casa del Prado, Balboa Park

More information: 858-672-2593

### CALIFORNIA RARE FRUIT GROWERS-SAN DIEGO CHAPTER MEETING

Learn how to select and grow rare fruit in San Diego.

When: 7:00 p.m.-9:00 p.m.

Where: Room IOI, Casa del Prado, Balboa Park

More Information: David Yetz, 619-659-8788

### MISSION HILLS GARDEN CLUB MEETING

Monthly meetings are free to members. Guests are welcome with admission fee of \$10 for non-members.

When: 6:00 p.m. Social; 6:30 p.m. Meeting and Speaker

Where: Mission Hills United Church of Christ, 4070 Jackdaw St., San Diego

More Information: www.missionhillsgardenclub.org

### SAN DIEGUITO GARDEN CLUB MEETING

Jessie Fell will speak about "Living Wreaths."

When: 9:30 a.m. Social; 10:00 a.m.-I2:00 p.m. Meeting

Where: Quail Botanical Gardens, Encinitas

More Information: Rita Koczela, President, 760-436-3036

More information: www.sdgc.klmmicro.com

### IKEBANA INTERNATIONAL CHAPTER 119

Come for floral arrangements and lectures. When: 10:00 a.m.

Where: Casa del Prado, Balboa Park

More Information: 858-673-3535, hiropan8@sau.rr.com

# VILLAGE GARDEN CLUB OF LA JOLLA MEETING

This Members only meeting will feature Jeffrey Bale, "Stone Art and Mosaics."

When: 10:00 a.m.

Where: Torrey Pines Christian Church, 8320 La Jolla Scenic Dr. No., La Jolla

More information: Ann Craig, 858-454-4117, www.villagegardencluboflajolla.com

### MAY 30

FALLBROOK GARDEN CLUB GARDEN TOUR

Join in for the 5th Annual Garden Tour. Tickets are \$20 or two for \$35.

When: 9:00 a.m.-3:00 p.m.

Where: Fallbrook Historical Society, 260 Rockycrest Road, Fallbrook

More Information: www.fallbrookgardenclub.org

SAN DIEGO COUNTY ORCHID SOCIETY MEETING

Join the SD County Orchid Society-they make learning fun!

When: 7:30 p.m.

Where: Casa del Prado, Balboa Park More Information: 619-294-5925

SAN DIEGO HERB CLUB MEETING

Monthly meeting features speakers, herbal crafts and workshops.

When: 7:00 p.m.

Where: Room 101 Casa del Prado, Balboa Park

More Information: 519-579-0222

## CARLSBAD GARDEN CLUB GARDEN TOUR

Join the Carlsbad group for their annual garden tour. After the tour they'll enjoy a no host luncheon at a local restaurant.

When: 9:30 a.m.

Where: Meet at Sears Park and Ride to organize into carpools.

More Information: 760-494-7774, www.carlsbadgardenclub.com

JUNE 5 continued

VISTA GARDEN CLUB MEETING

Come for the plant sale, stay for the fellowship,

When: 12:00 p.m.-2:00: p.m.

Where: Gloria McClellan Senior Center, 1400 Vale Terrace Dr. Vista

More Information: www.vistagardenclub.org

## JUNE 6

SAN DIEGO CACTUS AND SUCCULENT SOCIETY SHOW

Come appreciate and buy cacti and succulents at the annual Plant Show

When: 10:00 a.m.-5:00 p.m. (Sat. June 6), 10:00 a.m.-4:00 p.m. (Sun. June 7)

Where: Casa del Prado, Balboa Park

More Information: 619-795-1020, www.sdcss.com

SAN DIEGO FLORAL ASSOCIATION HISTORIC GARDEN TOUR

Join us for our annual historic self-guided garden tour; this year we feature gardens in Bankers Hill and Point Loma. Proceeds provide funds for our educational programs, scholarships and a publication honoring 100 years of California Garden magazine. Tickets are \$15 in advance, \$20 day of the tour.

When: 10:00 a.m.-4:00 p.m.

Where: Contact for more details.

More Information: 619-232-5762, www.sdfloral.org

SAN DIEGO ROSE SOCIETY ANNUAL ROSE SALE

Add to your garden with the roses offered at this sale. Admission is \$5 and includes admission to the show and guided rose garden tours. Children 8 and under admitted free; parking is free.

When: 12:00 p.m.-6:00 p.m.

Where: Barona Valley Ranch Resort & Casino, 1932 Wildcat Canyon Road, Lakeside More Information: 619-462-5753, www.sdrosesociety.org

HON NON BO ASSOCIATION MEETING

The Hon Non Bo Association holds its bi-monthly meeting.

When: 10:30 a m

Where: Casa del Prado, Balboa Park

More Information: 858-689-0957

EAST COUNTY ROSE SOCIETY

The meetings are open to the public and everyone is welcome.

When: 2:00 p.m.-4:00 p.m.

Where: Contact for meeting locations

More information: 619-447-4131, www.eastcountyrosesociety.com

SAN DIEGO HORTICULTURAL SOCIETY SPECIAL EVENT

"The Garden as Companion," featuring George Little and David Lewis of the Little and Lewis Sculpture Garden, Bainbridge Island, WA. Tickets are \$15 for SDHS members and \$20 for non-members.

When: 7:00 p.m.

Where: Scottish Rite Event Center. 1895 Camino del Rio South, San Diego

More Information: www.sdhortsoc.org

### JUNE 9

BROMELIAD STUDY GROUP OF BALBOA PARK MEETING

Come to learn more about these lovely plants.

When: 7:00 p.m.

Where: Room 104, Casa del Prado, Balboa Park

More Information: jdoss12345@aol.com

## SAN DIEGO GERANIUM SOCIETY MEETING

Bring a friend, bring a plant for raffle and enjoy!

When: 7:00 p.m.-9:00 p.m.

Where: Room 101, Casa del Prado, Balboa Park

More information: 619-447-8243, www.sdgeranium.org

### JUNE 10

BONITA VALLEY GARDEN CLUB

Join them for their monthly meeting.

When: 9:30 a.m. Hospitality: 10:00 a.m. Meeting

Where: Bonita Library Community Room, 4375 Bonita Road, Bonita More Information: Darlene Montgomery, 619-267-1585, dmontg@live.com

# SAN DIEGO EPIPHYLLUM SOCIETY MEETING

Come join in and learn about epiphyllums. A special drawing is held among attending members, and all first-time guests are welcomed with a free fourinch potted epi (sign in to be eligible).

When: 7:30 p.m.

Where: Room 101, Casa del Prado, Balboa Park

More Information: www.epiphyllum.com

### JUNE 12

SAN DIEGO COUNTY FAIR

Head to the fair! Enjoy the Paul Ecke Jr. Flower and Garden Show and other events, competitions and cuisine.

When: June 12 through July 5 (closed 6/15 & 6/22); contact for specific times

Where: Del Mar Fairgrounds, 2260 Jimmy Durante Blvd., Del Mar More Information: www.sdfair.com

## JUNE 13

SAN DIEGO BROMELIAD SOCIETY SALE

Bromeliads galore! Come to the SDBS Plant Sale!

When: 10:00 a.m.

Where: Room 104, Casa del Prado, Balboa Park

More Information: www.bsi.org

OHARA SCHOOL OF IKEBANA SAN DIEGO CHAPTER MEETING

Argentine tango demonstration, flower containers, silent auction and more.

When: 11:30 a.m.

Where: Room 101, Casa del Prado, Balboa Park

More Information: www.oharaschoolsandiego.org

### JUNE 15

SAN DIEGO BONSAI CLUB

Come, learn and join our club!

When: 10:30 a.m.

Where: Room 101, Casa del Prado, Balboa Park

More Information: 619-699-8776, www.sandiegobonsaiclub.com

### SAN DIEGO ROSE SOCIETY MEETING

Cultivating tips from experts who know our climate and roses.

When: 7:30 p.m.

Where: Room 101, Casa del Prado, Balboa Park

More Information: 619-462-5753, www.sdrosesociety.org

CALIFORNIA NATIVE PLANT SOCIETY, SAN DIEGO CHAPTER MEETING

Learn about native flora and the use of native plants in the garden.

When: 7:00 p.m.

Where: Casa del Prado, Balboa Park

More information: 760-434-5033, www.cnpssd.org

LA JOLLA GARDEN CLUB MEETING Programs, friends and more.

When: 1:30 p.m.

Where: La Jolla Lutheran Church, 7111 La Jolla Blvd., La Jolla

More Information: Fran Sheinbein, 858-488-5618

SAN DIEGO FLORAL ASSOCIATION GENERAL MEETING

Paul Maschka will speak on "Organic Farming in Urban Spaces." Visitors are welcome!

When: 7:00 p.m.

Where: Room 101, Casa del Prado, Balboa Park

More Information: 619-232-5762, www.sdfloral.org

### HINE 18

CHULA VISTA GARDEN CLUB

Come join in the fun!

When: 11:45 a.m.

Where: Norman Park Senior Center, 270 F St., Chula Vista

More Information: Marilyn Saleny, 619-656-8669

### SAN DIEGO COUNTY CYMBIDIUM SOCIETY

Non-members are welcome guests.

When: 7:00 p.m. Where: Carlsbad Women's Club, 3320 Monroe, Carlsbad

More Information: 858-748-8355

## SAN DIEGO FERN SOCIETY MEETING

Come learn about this verdant plant.

When: 7:30 p.m.

Where: Room 101, Casa del Prado, Balboa Park

More Information: 619-464-2609, www.sdfern.com

## HINE 20

DOS VALLES GARDEN CLUB PLANT SALE Add to your garden with the help of this sale.

When: 8:00 a.m.-1:00 p.m.

Where: Martin Gang Ranch, 28922 Cole Grade Road, Valley Center

More Information: www.dosvallesgardenclub.org

### JUNE 20 continued

MASTER GARDENER 6TH ANNUAL SUMMER PLANT SALE

Learn something new while picking up a plant.

When: 10:00 a.m.-2:00 p.m.

Where: Room 101, Casa del Prado, Balboa Park

More Information: 858-694-2860, www.mastergardenerssaudiego.org

### HUNE 23

CARLSBAD AFRICAN VIOLET SOCIETY MEETING

Please join us!

When: 10:30 a.m.

Where: Vista Library, 700 Eucalyptus Ave., Vista

More Information: 760-295-0484

### PALOMAR DISTRICT MEETING SUMMER ORGANIZATIONAL MEETING

A very important meeting for all incoming garden club presidents to attend!

When: Coffee and pastry 9:30 a.m.; Board Meeting 10:00 a.m. Where: Room 101 Casa del Prado, Balboa Park

More Information: Director Jerry Thirolway, 858-755-3284

### JUNE 23

BONITA ORGANIC GARDEN CLUB MEETING

Go organic with the help of this group.

When: 6:30 p.m.

Where: Bonita Library Community Room, 4375 Bonita Road

More information: 619-479-9838

### SAN CARLOS GARDEN CLUB MEETING

Join the San Carlos Garden Club at its general meeting.

When: 9:30 a.m.

Where: St. Dunstan's, 6556 Park Ridge Rd., San Carlos

More Information: 619-448-3613

### SAN DIEGO COUNTY DAHLIA SOCIETY MEETING

The SD Dahlia Society welcomes new members!

When: 7:30 p.m.

Where: Casa del Prado, Balboa Park

More information: 858-672-2593

### JUNE 24

### CALIFORNIA RARE FRUIT GROWERS-SAN DIEGO CHAPTER MEETING

Learn how to select and grow rare fruit in San Diego.

When: 7:00 p.m.-9:00p.m.

Where: Room 101, Casa del Prado, Balboa Park

More Information: David Yetz, 619-659-8788

### MISSION HILLS GARDEN CLUB MEETING

Monthly meetings are free to members. Guests are welcome with

admission fee of \$10 for non-members.

When: 6:00 p.m. Social; 6:30 p.m. Meeting and Speaker

Where: Mission Hills United Church of Christ, 4070 Jackdaw St., San Diego More Information: www.missionhillsgardenclub.org

# IKEBANA INTERNATIONAL CHAPTER 119 MEETING

Come for floral arrangements and lectures.

When: 10:00 a.m.

Where: Casa del Prado, Balboa Park

More Information: 858-673-3535, hiropan8@san.rr.com

### SAN DIEGUITO GARDEN CLUB MEETING

Cultivate friendships through gardening!

When: 9:30 a.m. Social; 10:00 a.m.-12:00 p.m. Meeting

Where: Quail Botanical Gardens, Encinitas

More Information: Rita Koczela, President, 760-436-3036, www.sdgc.klmmicro.com

### JUNE 28

## SOUTHERN CALIFORNIA PLUMERIA SOCIETY

Enjoy the pleasure of plumerias!

When: 1:00 p.m.

Where: Room 102, Casa del Prado, Balboa Park

More information: 619-443-4795

# Gardening Classes

## WALTER ANDERSEN NURSERY, PT. LOMA GARDENING CLASS

Learn a variety of gardening tricks every Saturday morning by attending a free class at Walter Andersen Nursery's Pt. Loma Nursery. Please contact the store for a schedule of events.

When: 9:00 a.m.-10:00 a.m., every Saturday

Where: Walter Andersen's Pt. Loma, 3642 Enterprise St., San Diego

More Information: www.walterandersen.com

## WALTER ANDERSEN NURSERY, POWAY GARDENING CLASS

Come join others at Walter Andersen's Poway store for a free, weekly seasonal garden lecture. Please contact the store for a schedule of events.

When: 9:30 a.m.-10:30 a.m., every Saturday

Where: Walter Andersen's Poway, 12755 Danielson Court, Poway

More Information: www.walterandersen.com

### WATER CONSERVATION GARDEN CLASSES

The Water Conservation Garden provides a number of entertaining, information-packed courses covering the most topical gardening topics and presented by skilled and knowledgeable experts. Please contact the Water Conservation Garden for program details and any applicable fees.

When: Contact for program-specific times.

Where: 12122 Cuyamaca College Drive West, El Cajon More Information: www.thegarden.org, 619-660-0614, x10

Walks, Tours & Garden Events

### QUAIL BOTANICAL GARDENS TOUR

Come and meet at the Visitor's Center for a weekly tour of the Quail Botanical Gardens. No reservations required. Free with admission.

When: 10:00 a.m.-11:00 a.m., every Saturday

Where: Quail Botanical Gardens, 230 Quail Gardens Drive, Encinitas

More Information: www.qbgardens.org

### QUAIL BOTANICAL GARDENS: CHILDREN'S EVENTS

The Quail Botanical Garden offers a number of events specially designed to entertain and educate children and their caregivers. Please contact Quail Botanical Gardens for a complete listing of their scheduled events.

When: Ongoing-contact for program-specific times.

Where: Quail Botanical Gardens, 230 Quail Gardens Drive, Encinitas

More Information: www.qbgardens.org

### WATER CONSERVATION GARDEN TOUR

Enjoy a docent-led tour of the Water Conservation Garden at Cuyamaca College.

When: Every Saturday at 10:30 a.m. and every Sunday at 1:30 p.m.

Where: Water Conservation Garden, 12122 Cuyamaca College Drive West, El Cajon More Information: http://thegarden.org

### CNPS NATIVE PLANT WALK

Join landscape architect and member of the CNPS San Diego Chapter Kay Stewart for a two-hour, easy walk into Tecolote Canyon and back. Along the way you'll study and learn about the plants. This guided walk is free.

When 9:00 a.m.-11:00 a.m.-first Sunday of the month

Where: Tecolote Canyon Nature Center, 5180 Tecolote Road, San Diego

More Information: http://cnpssd.org

# BUENA CREEK GARDENS FREE GARDEN TOUR

Join garden staff for this free, monthly garden tour. When: 10:00 a.m.—11:00 a.m., second Saturday of each month Where: Buena Creek Gardens, 418 Buena Creek Rd. San Marcos

More Information: www.buenacreekgardens.com

SAN DIEGO CHINESE HISTORICAL MUSEUM AND GARDEN

Come visit the San Diego Chinese Historical Museum's exquisite

When: 10:30 a.m.—4:00 p.m., Tuesday through Saturday; 12:00 p.m.—4:00 p.m., Sunday When: San Diego Chinese Historical Museum and Garden, 404 3rd Ave., San Diego More Information: www.sdehm.org/garden

Continued on page 35

# SAN DIEGO FLORAL ASSOCIATION

Garden Center and Library - Founded in 1907

1650 El Prado #105, San Diego, CA 92101-1684 619-232-5762 Located in Casa del Prado, Room 105, Balboa Park Under the sponsorship of the Park & Recreation Department, City of San Diego, California

Mission Statement: To Promote The Knowledge And Appreciation Of Horticulture And Floriculture In The San Diego Region.

# GENERAL MEETINGS 2009

February 17 April 21 June 16 October 20

Casa del Prado, Room 101 Balboa Park, San Diego

# **OFFICERS**

President Nancy Carol Carter

First Vice President Connie Brown

Second Vice President Sandra Graff

Treasurer Constance Whitney

Recording Secretary Lynne Batchelor

Corresponding Secretary Lucy Kramer

> Historian Thea Gums

Parliamentarian Barbara P. Clark

DIRECTORS Term 2006-2009

> Laura Starr Kay Harry

Term 2007-2010

Joanne Dossett Michelle Kownacki Linda Lindgren

Term 2008-2011

Sandra Dysart Cheryl Gaidmore Amy R. Wood

Arrangers Guild Chair Suzanne Michel

# **AFFILIATES:**

CHIRP FOR GARDEN WILDLIFE, INC.

Exec. Director: Maureen Austin President: Lisa Lomax P.O. Box 532 Alpine, CA 91903-0532 619-445-8352 www.chirp.org

CITY BEAUTIFUL OF SAN DIEGO

Pres: Kathy Puplava P. O. Box 9424 San Diego, CA 92169-0424 858-576-3828 www.citybeautifulofsandiego.org

FRIENDS OF THE HORTENSE

MILLER GARDEN P.O. Box 742 Laguna Beach, CA 92652-0742 949-499-5518 marshab@ete.net

FRIENDS OF MARSTON GARDEN

Pres. Bobbie Bagel San Diego Historical Society 1649 El Prado SD. 82101 619-232-6203 www.marstonhuse.org Friends@marstonhouse.org

JAPANESE FRIENDSHIP GARDEN BALBOA PARK

Contact: Luanne Lao 2125 Park Blvd. San Diego, CA 92101-4792 619-232-2721 www.niwa.org

PALOMAR DISTRICT CALIFORNIA GARDEN CLUBS, INC.

Director: Jerry Thirloway 1105 Santa Madera Ct Solana Beach, CA 92078-1620 858-755-3284

www.geocities.com/pdgardenclubs

QUAIL BOTANICAL GARDENS FOUNDATION, INC

Executive Director: Julian Duval P.O. Box 230005 Encinitas, CA 92023-0005 760-436-3036 info@qbgardens.org www.qbgardens.org

SAN DIEGO BOTANICAL GARDEN FOUNDATION President: Ed Hamilton

2125 Park Blvd. San Diego, CA 92101-4792 619-234-8901 www.sdbgf.org Meets second Thursday at 7:30 p.m., Room 104, Casa del Prado, Balboa Park

SAN DIEGO CHINESE HISTORICAL MUSEUM AND GARDEN

Executive Director: Alexander Chuang 404 Third Ave San Diego, CA 92101-6803 619-338-9888 www.sdchm.org

SAN DIEGO ZOO

Horticulture Department P.O. Box 120551 San Diego, CA 92112-0551 619-231-1515 Ext. 4298 www.sandiegozoo.org

SOUTHWESTERN JUDGES COUNCIL Chair: Sandi Lord

P.O. Box 876 Pauma Valley, CA 92061-0876 760-727-7614 Meets first Wednesday (Sep., Nov., Jan., Mar., May) at 10:30 a.m., North County Fair, Escondido, Community Room

TAKA SUMI-E SOCIETY

Contact: Takashi Ijichi 1455 49th Street San Diego, CA 92102-2625 619-255-2501 takasumi-e@email.com Meets first Sunday (Feb., Mar., Apr., Sep., Oct., Nov.) from 9:00 a.m. to 11:00 a.m. Casa del Prado

WATER CONSERVATION GARDEN

Librarian: Joan Endres 12122 Cuyamaca College Dr. West, El Cajon, CA 92019-4317 619-660-0614 info@thegarden.org www.thegarden.org

**PROFESSIONAL** AFFILIATES:

CLASSIC GARDENS P.O. Box 2711 La Jolla, CA 92038-2711 858-459-0316

MASTER LANDSCAPE SERVICES, INC.

3089C Clairemont Drive #296 San Diego, CA 92117-6802 619-296-9687

SAN DIEGO COUNTY FAIR. PAUL ECKE JR. FLOWER & GARDEN SHOW

2260 Jimmy Durante Blvd. Del Mar, CA 92014-2216 www.sdfair.com

SAN DIEGO COUNTY WATER AUTHORITY

Contact: Darren Simon 4677 Overland Ave. San Diego, CA 92123-1233 858-522-6600 www.sdcwa.org

JIM STELLUTI CONSULTING LANDSCAPE ARTIST

1928 Madison Ave. San Diego, CA 92116-2722 619-298-7641

GARDEN CLUBS:

BERNARDO GARDENERS President: Adele Kelly

P.O. Box 27179 San Diego, CA 92198-1179 858-673-8728 www.bernardogardeners.org Meets third Thursday (except Jun., Jul. and Aug.) at 1:00 p.m. R. B. Swim & Tennis Club

BONITA VALLEY GARDEN CLUB

President: Leslie Schroeder 2476 Eagle Valley Dr. Chula Vista, CA 91914-4019 619-987-9257 Meets second Wednesday at 9:30 a.m., Bonita Public Library

BRIDGE AND BAY GARDEN CLUB

President: Pat Cooley 950 Olive Ave. Coronado, CA 92118-2710 619-437-8227 Meets fourth Monday at 9:30 a.m. Winn Room, Coronado Public Library www.bridgeandbaygardenclub.org

CARLSBAD GARDEN CLUB

President: Ellen McGrath-Thorpe Publicity: Mary Hassing P. O. Box 626, Carlsbad, CA 92008 760-494-7774 www.carlsbadgardenclub.com

CHULA VISTA GARDEN CLUB President: Marilyn Saleny

P.O. Box 57 Chula Vista, CA 91912-1016 619-656-8669 Meets third Thursday at 11:45 a.m. Norman Park Senior Center

CORONADO FLORAL ASSOCIATION

President: Leslie Crawford P. O. Box 180188 Coronado, CA 92118-0188 619-435-8079

CROWN GARDEN CLUB President: Shannon Player

P.O. Box 180476 Coronado, CA 92178-0476 619-435-1746 www.crowngardenclub.org Meets fourth Thursday at 9:30 a.m., Coronado Library

DOS VALLES GARDEN CLUB

President: Evelvn Kent P. O. Box 123 Valley Center, CA 92082 760-749-5078 www.dosvallesgardenclub.org Meets second Tuesday at 12:00 p.m., except July and August St Stephen Catholic Church 31020 Cole Grade Road.

Valley Center FALLBROOK GARDEN CLUB

Co-Presidents: Sandra LeMasters & Janice Phoenix P.O. Box 1702 Fallbrook, CA 92088-1702 760-451-0792 www.fallbrookgardenclub.org Meets last Tuesday (except Jul. and Aug.) at 12:30 p.m. Fallbrook Community Center, 341 Herald Lane

LA JOLLA GARDEN CLUB

President: Fran Sheinbein P.O. Box 2713 La Jolla, CA 92037 858-450-1769 sey@sbcglobal.net Meets third Tuesday at 1:00 p.m. La Jolla Lutheran Church. 711 La Jolla Blvd La Jolla, CA 92037

LAS IARDINERAS President: Ann Gallagher 1255 Sayov St. San Diego, CA 92107 619-222-3559

Meets third Monday at 10:30 a.m. Homes of Members

MIRACOSTA HORT, CLUB OF OCEANSIDE President: Carol Fehner

158 Carey Rd. Oceanside, CA 92054 760-726-4047 www.gardencentral.org/ californiage/miracosta Meets third Saturday (Sept.-Jun. only) at 12:45 p.m. MiraCosta Community College, Student Center Bldg. (upstairs)

MISSION HILLS GARDEN CLUB

President: Meredith French 3145 Brant Street San Diego, CA 92103-5502 619-923-3624 www.missionhillsgardenclub.org Meets fourth Wednesday at 6:00 p.m.

POINT LOMA

GARDEN CLUB President: Julie Hasl P.O. Box 6382 San Diego, CA 92166 619-564-7036 www.plgc.org Meets second Wednesday at 10:00 a.m., Portuguese Hall, 2818 Avenida de Portugal, San Diego, CA 92106

POWAY VALLEY GARDEN CLUB

Co-Presidents: Hedy Pleramico and Emily Troxell P. O. Box 27 Poway, CA 92074-0027 858-672-0459 Meets second Wednesday at 9:00 a m. Templar's Hall at Old Poway Park

RAMONA GARDEN CLUB President: Debbie Gomez

P.O. Box 1412 Ramona, CA 92065 760-789-8774 www.ramonagardenclub.com Meets second Wednesday at 12:00 p.m., Ramona Women's Club, 524 Main St., Ramona

RANCHO SAN DIEGO GARDEN CLUB

Contact: Connie Beck 1077 Vista Madera El Cajon, CA 92019 619-749-4059 Meets third Tuesday each month at 10:00 a.m.

RANCHO SANTA FE GARDEN CLUB

President: Hal Sexton P. O. Box 483. Rancho Santa Fe, CA 92067-0483 858-756-1554 www.rsfgardenclub.org

SAN CARLOS GARDEN CLUB

President: Marj Myers 9241 Galston Dr. Santee, CA 92071-1510 619-448-3613 Meets fourth Tuesday at 9:30 a.m. St. Dunstan's, 6556 Park Ridge Rd.

SAN DIEGO GARDEN CLUB Pres. Taylor Murphy

P.O. Box 152611 San Diego, CA 92195 619-269-6184 www.sandiegogardenclub.org

SAN DIEGO HORTICHLTHRAL SOCIETY

President: Susi Torre-Bueno P. O. Box 231869 Encinitas, CA 92023-1869 760-730-3268 www.sdhortsoc.org Meets second Monday (except Jun.) at 6:30 p.m. Surfside Race Place, Del Mar, Fairgrounds

SAN DIEGUITO GARDEN CLUB

President: Rita Koczela 1105 Santa Madera Ct. Solana Beach, CA 92075 760-436-3036 www.sdgc.klmmicro.com Meets fourth Wednesday at 9:30 a.m., Quail Botanical Gardens, 230 Quail Gardens Drive, Encinitas

VILLAGE GARDEN CLUB OF LA JOLLA

President: Ann Craig 1802 Amalfi St. La Jolla, CA 92037-3803 858-454-4117 www villagegardencluboflajolla.com Meets fourth Thursday (Sept. through May) at 10:00 a.m. Torrey Pines Christian Church, 8320 La Jolla Scenic Dr. North

VISTA GARDEN CLUB President: Barbara Weiler

P. O. Box 44 Vista, CA 92085-0044 760-630-0383 www.vistagardenclub.org Meets first Friday at 12:00 p.m., Vista Senior Center

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President: Haruko Crawford 10411 San Carlos Dr. Spring Valley, CA 91978-1034 619-660-2046

IKEBANA INTERNATIONAL CHAPTER 119

President: Hiroko Fukuhara c/o S.D. Botanical Garden Foundation P.O. Box 2248 Rancho Santa Fe, CA 92067-2248 858-673-3635 hiropan8@san.rr.com Meets fourth Wednesday at 10:00 a.m., Casa del Prado, Balboa Park

IKENOBO CHAPTER OF SAN DIEGO President: Mrs. Charles Oehler

2822 Walker Dr., San Diego, CA 92123-3056 858-278-5689 www.sandiegoyuyu.com

OHARA SCHOOL OF IKEBANA LA JOLLA CHAPTER

P. O. Box 22624 Solana Beach, CA 92192-2624 858-672-7850 Meets second Tuesday at 10:00 a.m., La Jolla Library

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President: Jackie Zhang 6435 Muirlands Dr. La Jolla, CA 92037-6310 858-454-4793 www.oharaschoolsandiego.org

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Director: Hiroko Szechinski 10830 Montego Dr. San Diego, CA 92124-1421 858-571-6137

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2829 Flax Dr. San Diego, CA 92154-2160 619-429-6198

# PLANT SOCIETIES:

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Vista, CA 92081 760-295-0484 Meets fourth Monday at 10:30 a.m., Vista Library 700 Eucalyptus Ave.

BEGONIA ALFRED D. ROBINSON BRANCH AMERICAN REGONIA SOCIETY

President: Doris Smith 4505 Long Branch Ave. San Diego, CA 92107-2333 619-222-1294 Meets second Tuesday at 10:30 a.m., Homes of Members

MABEL CORWIN BRANCH AMERICAN BEGONIA SOCIETY

President: Denise Knobloch 465 4th Avenue #3 Chula Vista, CA 91910 619-409-4997 www.kolzbegonia.com Meets second Sunday (except May & Aug.) at 1:30 p.m., Quail Botanical Gardens

MARGARET LEE BRANCH AMERICAN BEGONIA SOCIETY

President: Michael Ludwig 6040 Upland St. San Diego, CA 92114-1933 619-262-7535 Meets last Saturday at 10:30 a.m., Homes of Members

BONSAL HON NON BO ASSOCIATION

President: Brenda Storey 9976 Dauntless St. San Diego, CA 92126-5514 858-689-0957 Meets first Sunday (every other month, begin Feb.) at 10:30 a.m. Casa del Prado, Balboa Park

SAN DIEGO BONSAI CLUB, INC. P. O. Box 40037 San Diego, CA 92164-0037 619-699-8776 www.sandiegobonsaiclub.com Meets second Sunday at 10:30 am (except May and Oct.) at 9:00 a.m. Room 101, Casa del Prado, Balboa Park

BROMELIAD BROMELIAD STUDY GROUP OF BALBOA PARK President: Chuck Largin 9137 Dillion Dr. La Mesa, CA 91941 Meets second Tuesday at 7:00 p.m. Casa del Prado, Balboa Park

SAN DIEGO BROMELIAD SOCIETY

President: Nancy Groves P. O. Box 83996 San Diego, CA 92138-3996 858-453-6486 (weekends only) http://bsi.org/webpages/san\_ diego.html Meets second Saturday at 10:00 a.m., Room 104, Casa del Prado, Balboa Park

**CACTUS & SUCCULENT** PALOMAR CACTUS AND SUCCULENT SOCIETY President: Paul M. Steward P.O. Box 840 Escondido, CA 92033 760-741-7553 Meets fourth Saturday at 12:00 p.m.

Joslyn Senior Center, 724 N. Broadway, Escondido

SAN DIEGO CACTUS AND SUCCULENT SOCIETY President: Mark Fryer P. O. Box 33181 San Diego, CA 92163-3181

619.795 1020 www.sdcss.com Meets second Saturday (except Jun., Sept. and Dec.) at 1:00 p.m. Room 101, Casa del Prado, Balboa Park

CAMELLIA SAN DIEGO CAMELLIA SOCIETY

President: Dean Turney 467 Sulvia St Encinitas, CA 92024 760-942-1919 Meets third Wednesday (Nov.-Apr. only) at 7:00 p.m. Casa del Prado, Balboa Park

DAHLIA SAN DIEGO COUNTY DAHLIA SOCIETY President: David J. Tooley

11375 Nawa Way San Diego, CA 92129-1116 858-672-2593 djsj21643@aol.com Meets fourth Tuesday at 7:30 p.m., Casa del Prado, Balboa Park

# DAYLILY (HEMEROCALLIS) SOUTHWEST HEMEROCALLIS SOCIETY

Contact: Gary Colby 11375 Alberni Court San Diego, CA 92126 858-566-0503 Meets first Saturday (except Dec. and Jan.) at 10:00 a.m. Ouail Botanical Gardens

### EPIPHYLLUM SAN DIEGO EPIPHYLLUM SOCIETY

President: Sandra Chapin P. O. Box 126127 San Diego, CA 92112-6127 858-485-5414 www.epiphyllum.com Medicas second Wednesday at 7:30 p.m. Casa del Prado, Balboa Park

### FERN

SAN DIEGO FERN SOCIETY President: Kathie Russell

1418 Park Row La Jolla, CA 92037-3710 619-464-2609 www.sdfern.com Meets third Thursday at 7:30 p.m. Room 101, Casa del Prado, Balboa Park

### FRUIT CALIFORNIA RARE FRUIT GROWERS

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Chair: David Yetz
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San Diego, CA 92195
619-659-8788
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### GERANIUM

SAN DIEGO GERANIUM SOCIETY President: Brenda Archer 6404 Zena Dr. San Diego, CA 92115-7026 619-447-8243 www.sdgeranium.org Meets second Tuesday at 7:00 p.m.

Casa del Prado, Balboa Park

### HERB

THE SAN DIEGO HERB CLUB

Co-Presidents: Judy Dunning & Cindi Lohry 200 Highline Trail El Cajon, CA 92021-4082 619-579-0222 www.gardenweb.com/directory/sdhc Meets first Wednesday at 7:00 p.m. Room 101, Casa del Prado, Balboa Park

### IRIS SAN DIEGO/IMPERIAL COUNTIES IRIS SOCIETY

President: Edith Schade 760-788-1376 http://sites.google.com/site sandiegoirissociety Meets second Sunday at 1:00 p.m. Please call for newsletter and meeting

### SAN FERNANDO VALLEY IRIS SOCIETY

President: Eileen Fiumara 4512 Sunnyslope Ave. Sherman Oaks, CA 91423-3119 818-986-4188 Meets first Thursday at 7:30 p.m. Canoga Park Women's Club 7401 Jordan, Canoga Park

### NATIVE PLANTS CALIFORNIA NATIVE PLANT SOCIETY SAN DIEGO CHAPTER

Carolyn Martus P. O. Box 121390 San Diego, CA 92112-1390 760-434-5033 http://cupssd.org Meets third Tuesday at 7:00 p.m. Casa del Prado, Balboa Park

### LAKE HODGES NATIVE PLANT CLUB

President: Vernon Bluhm P. O. Box 301582 Escondido, CA 92030 760-745-4008 www.lhnpc.org Meets fourth Monday at 2:00 p.m. Rancho Bernardo Library, Community Room

### ORCHID

SAN DIEGO COUNTY
CYMBIDIUM SOCIETY
A BRANCH OF THE CYMBIDIUM
SOCIETY OF AMERICA, INC.
President: Phyllis Prestia

3849 Via Del Rancho Oceanside, CA 92056 760-732-0055 Meets third Wednesday (except Jul. and Aug.) at 7:00 p.m. Carlsbad Women's Club

## SAN DIEGO COUNTY ORCHID SOCIETY

President: David Brown 4029 Georgia Street San Diego, CA 92103 619-294-5925 posiedon\_djb@juno.com Meets first Tuesday at 7:30 p.m. Casa del Prado, Balboa Park

### ORGANIC BONITA ORGANIC GARDEN CLUB

GARDEN CLUB President: Jane Campbell 619-741-8448 kreepyhollow@gmail.com Meets fourth Tuesday at 6:30 p.m. Bonita Library Community Room, 4375 Bonita Road

### PLUMERIA SOUTHERN CALIFORNIA PLUMERIA SOCIETY

Pres: Joy Herzog
P. O. Box 20553, El Cajon, CA 92021-0940
619-443-4795
c.herzog@atr.net
Meets fourth Sunday (Feb.—Oct.)
at 1:00 p.m.
Roon 102. Casa del Prado, Balbos Park

### **ROSE**

EAST COUNTY ROSE SOCIETY President: Roger English 2007 Muira Lane El Cajon, CA 92109 (19-443-4795 Meets first Sunday (except Jul. and Aug.) at 2:00 p.m. Gardens of Members

### SAN DIEGO ROSE SOCIETY President: Roger English

6705 Maury Dr.
San Diego, CA 92119-2020
619-462-5753
Meets third Monday, (except Jul. and Aug.) at 7.30 p.m.
Room 102. Casa del Prado, Balboa Park

### WATER GARDEN SOUTHERN CALIFORNIA WATER GARDEN SOCIETY

President: Ed Simpson 1302 Avocado Rd. Oceanside, CA 92054-5702 760-436-3704 de@pondplants.com http://groups.yahoo.com/group/ sdwatergarden Meets third Sunday (Apr.—Oct.) Call for meeting information.

Send changes to Affiliates Editor, *California Garden*, 1650 El Prado #105, San Diego, CA 92101-1684. Call 619-232-5762

Email: membership@sdfloral.org
July/August issue: May 10, 2009

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# Balboa Park Events

### SAN DIEGO ZOO

Visit the world famous San Diego Zoo for Plant Days and Orchid Odyssey. When: 9:00 a.m.—4:00 p.m., third Friday of each month

Where: San Diego Zoo, 2920 Zoo Drive, Balboa Park, San Diego, CA More Information: www.sandiegozoo.com

### SAN DIEGO JAPANESE FRIENDSHIP GARDEN

Enhance your well-being with a visit to this Japanese-style garden, There is a \$4 fee for adults, \$2.50 fee for Seniors (55+), children and military with LD.

When: 10:00 a.m.-4:00 p.m., Tuesday through Sunday

Where: San Diego Japanese Friendship Garden, 2215 Pan American Road, Balboa Park, San Diego, CA

More Information: www.niwa.org

### BALBOA PARK OFFSHOOT TOURS

Learn about Balboa Park's plants as volunteer horticulturists lead visitors on free, one-hour themed walks. (Inclement weather and low-turnout cancels the tour.)

When: 10:00 a.m., every Saturday

Where: Balboa Park Visitor Center, 1549 El Prado, Balboa Park, San Diego, CA More Information: www.balboapark.org

### BALBOA PARK INTERPRETIVE WALKS

Join volunteer-guides on this free, history-oriented walk through Balboa Park.

When: 1:00 p.m., every Tuesday

Where: Balboa Park Visitor Center, 1549 El Prado, Balboa Park, San Diego, CA More Information: www.balboapark.org

### SAN DIEGO NATURAL HISTORY MUSEUM CANYONEER WALKS

Join trained volunteer guides on a local canyon walks. There is a \$2 fee. When: Times vary; check website for specific event details

Where: Locations vary; check website for specific event details More Information: www.sdnhm.org/canyoneers

# Contact Us!

Do you have an event, class or meeting that you'd like to let California Garden readers know about? If so, please email calendar@sdfloralc.gr or sdfloral@sgmail.com with your group's name, the meeting date and time, meeting place, any applicable fees, event program and contact information. You may also submit the above information via regular mail, sent to Calendar Editor, San Diego Floral Association, 1650 El Prado Room 105, San Diego CA 92101. Space is limited, so please get in touch today to ensure inclusion! The deadline for the upcoming Jul/Aug 2009 issue is May 10, 2009; the deadline for the Sept/Oct 2009 issue is June 10, 2009.

# 100 Years of San Diego Floral

# From The Archives

The author of the article excerpted here is now retired but for many years she was a fearless force in planning the appropriate and beautiful landscaping for the Schools of San Diego—as noted in the preface below from 1950. We have abbreviated the article, which includes information on specific plants. —Lucy Warren

# Spring, 1950

It is encouraging to realize that the San Diego Board of Education has placed the landscaping of our city schools in the hands of a local girl, Jane Minshall, who majored in landscape design at the University of California. In this article she gives a glimpse of what is being done to beautify our school grounds with native shrubs, so that we may see how choice and practical they are for our gardens.

# Let's Grow Natives Jane A. Minshall

Because of the strange notion that something that is imported is superior and more desirable than a home grown product, many of our beautiful California shrubs enter our gardens all too rarely. California natives have been growing in English gardens for many years, where they are appreciated, and where their real beauty is recognized.

Gardeners who are looking for something different, drought resistant and pest free, should consider some of the plants that grow in our hills and canyons. Bear in mind the cultural needs of these natives, some of which mingle happily with the exotics—those that will take water the year around—and those that are better off when kept apart and treated differently. There are native shrubs for all purposes in a garden, such as hedges, ground covers, background, and accent shrubs.

Those of you who like rosemary, lemon verbena and other shrubs with fragrant foliage should not miss Salvia clevelandi (Fragrant or Cleveland sage). This little sage, limited to San Diego County and Lower California, is especially noticeable on the grade west of Alpine. I wonder how many motorists have inhaled that lovely fragrance without the slightest idea of its source. We have recently put in a few dozen plants of Cleveland sage on the west side of the boy's gymnasium at Point Loma High School, where those who pass by may enjoy it for years to come. The green-gray leaves and very rich blue flowers are good for cutting. This native prefers light soil, full sun and a little summer watering.

Thirty-five species of *Ceanothus*, commonly called wild-lilac, grow in California. Many of these are worthy of garden use. They range in size and shape from the tree-like ceanothus to the flat ground covers....We have recently put in a mass planting of *C. griseus horizontalis* (Carmel creeper) at Point Loma High School. A year from this spring the slope where it is planted should be covered with a mantle of blue. We have given it a background of *C. Cyaneus*, rich-green *Prunus ilicifolia*, and *Fremontia mexicana*, with its big satiny, golden flowers in spring and summer. The blue of wild lilacs, combined with the gold of fremontias, is a wonderful sight to behold.

Prunus ilicifolia (hollyleaf cherry), one of the best-known wild shrubs, is grown for individual specimens and for hedges



-and a handsome hedge it makes. From March to May, its dark green holly-like foliage is nearly hidden by the many clusters of cream-colored flowers. In September, the edible oblong cherries are as decorative as the bloom. The foliage is fine for Christmas wreaths.

Ribes speciosum (fuchsia-flowered gooseberry) is also good for Christmas decorations because its graceful habit of growth and lively green foliage are adapted to arrangements. The glossy, narrow, bell-like, red flowers resemble those of a fuchsia, hence its common name.

Cneoridium dumosum (berry rue), a very nice little shrub belonging to the same family as the citrus fruits, is hard to obtain in nurseries. There is much of it in the hills near Lakeside growing against granite boulders and sprawling over them. The one-inch, linear, gray-blue-green leaves are very aromatic, as are the small white star-like flowers that come in winter. The blooms are followed by very round, conspicuous berries that are reddish for a time and the brown.

Autumn is the best time to plant natives, because the winter rains help to establish them. Their most important cultural requirement is *good drainage*. Be very careful with manure. Most of our California shrubs will live longer without it.

A number of natives, such as species of ceanothus, sumac, toyon and fremontia are available now and are quite widely planted. There are others just as deserving but hard to find in the nurseries because they are seldom requested. However, within the past years, there has been an increasing interest in the use of native plant material, and it is hoped that the demand will become great enough to encourage the raising of a larger variety for sale.

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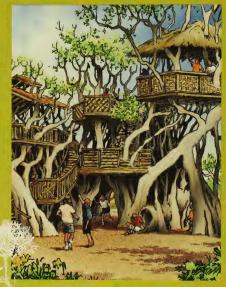
Hamilton Children's Garden

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